Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & ALLISON, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & ALLISON, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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PROSPECTUS

OF THE

ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

For 1858.

THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED!

The Cheapest Paper in the County!

With the present number, the *Tribune* has entered upon its third volume. Commenced at a time when the confidence of the citizens of Altoona in newspapers and newspaper publishers was considerably shaken, if not totally annihilated, it has slowly but surely restored that confidence, and now stands upon a sure foundation, and is universally acknowledged to be one of the fixed institutions of our town. But this result has not been achieved without a hard struggle, and considerable expenditure of time and means on the part of its editors. The steady increase of patronage, however, has afforded indubitable evidence that their labors have been appciated.

In entering upon the new volume it is almost unnecessary to say that the *Tribune* will continue to be "INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING," being biassed neither by fear, favor nor affection, in favor of parties or sects. In this respect it is only necessary to say that the past affords a fair index as to our future course.

It has always been our aim to make the *Tribune*, a reliable first-class LOCAL PAPER, as we believe that in that character alone, country papers can successfully compete with their flashy city neighbors. To this end we have secured correspondents in various parts of the county, who furnish us with all the items of local interest in their vicinity. We purpose adding others to our list as soon as we can obtain them. During the next year we shall redouble our efforts to make the *Tribune* a perfect compendium of HOME NEWS—A RELIABLE, FIRST-CLASS LOCAL PAPER, second to none in the country, and as such a welcome weekly visitor to our patrons, whether at home or abroad.

But while the Local Department shall be our special care, we shall also devote a considerable space to LITERARY MATTER, FUN AND HUMOR, and the chronicling of events of general interest to our readers. We purpose also publishing from time to time "Original Sketches of Men and Things" which will be furnished by our contributors. We have made arrangements also to have a weekly letter from Philadelphia, and judging from the reputation our correspondent sustains as a popular writer, these letters will be a rich treat to our readers.

As we are decidedly journalists of the progressive school, we have concluded to adopt the cash system in our business. The neglect of quite a number of our patrons to pay up promptly, and the rascality of others, has compelled us to adopt this course. Time and experience has fully proved to our satisfaction that the credit system will not work with newspaper publishers. From this date no paper will be sent from this office, unless paid for in advance, and at the expiration of the time paid for, if not renewed, will be promptly stopped. This arrangement does no injustice to our patrons, while it will protect us from the impositions of soulless scoundrels, and enable us to devote more attention to our paper.

Recognizing the principle that contracts to be satisfactory should be fraught with mutual benefit to both parties, and as money in large amounts, *in advance*, is of more value to us than when received in driblets, as an inducement to numbers who would otherwise discontinue, as well as to those who have never yet taken the paper, we offer it at the following low rates for the coming year:

1 copy, one year		$1 50
10 copies	" ($1.25 per copy)	12 50
20 "	" ($1.00 per copy)	20 00

and all above 20 at the same rate—$1 per copy.

The money must, *in all cases*, accompany the order.

By the above it will be seen that our paper is emphatically the cheapest in the county.—As to its merits we leave it to the public to decide. We earnestly request our friends throughout the county to "give us a lift," as we have no doubt each of them can readily obtain a club in their neighborhood.

CANVASSERS WANTED.—Several energetic business men wanted to canvass the county for subscribers to the *Tribune*. A liberal per cent. will be allowed.

Select Miscellany.

Life for Life.

A TALE OF THE REVOLUTION.

'Father, is there no hope for him? Is the British General so heartless as to condemn one so noble, so brave, so young to die without mercy?'

These words were used by a pale, tearful girl of great beauty, in the middle portion of the Revolution which gave freedom a home in our own loved soil. During that period when cruelty was but too prevalent with both parties—when tories, were if possible, more relentless and cruel than the British troops.

The father, a noble looking man of middle age, turned a glance out of the window which opened toward Long Island Sound, the green waters of which could be seen sparkling beyond a grove that fronted his dwelling near Hurl Gate.—He had turned to this to hide his emotions, for she was his only child, and he feared that her young heart would break when he told her all the sad news that lay so heavily on his heart.

'Speak, father, tell me, is there no hope? I will go myself, and kneeling to the tyrant, will plead for the life of him whom I love as only woman can love!' she continued.

'Alas, my child, mercy is dead in the British General's breast—his heart is callous to pity! I have risked much by pleading for him, but for your sake I would be almost willing to die in Nathan's place.'

'Cruel, cruel fate! when is he to die! There may be some hope of his rescue.—He was a great favorite with Washington, and he is at white Plains. I will go to him.'

'Alas, my child,' said her father, 'nerve yourself for the news. It is already too late.'

'Dead, dead?' shrieked the poor girl, 'O father say that is not so!'

'Alas my child, I cannot. He was hung at sunrise, and was even refused a bible to look at, ere he was summoned before his Maker.'

For a moment the poor girl stood silent; not a tear came from her eyes; but a wild light illuminated them; a flash as bright as fire itself gathered over both face and brow—she clenched her fair hands together until the nails seemed to enter the flesh, and with bitter tones she cried:

'Life for life! I shall be revenged—yes deeply revenged!'

'Child, dear child, be calm,' said the fond parent.

'Father, I am calm, very calm. Calm as he is almost. And I swear he shall be revenged, if my own hands have to reach the tyrant's heart that sealed his doom! I loved, oh! how I loved him—and were not our betrothal vows plighted? I will act as a widow—as the widow of a soldier ought to act.'

'My dear child, you will bring ruin upon our heads.'

'Not upon yours, father; but to me, what is ruin now? But I will not be rash, I will go to my room, and pray and think of him who now lies cold in death.'

She turned and left the room, while the father still stood looking from the window out upon the waters, which were dashed with a rising storm, and the trees, which already began to writhe beneath the force of the rising gale like some huge giant wrestling with some unforeseen power.

Meanwhile his daughter had gone up to her room in one of the most cheerful gables of the old fashioned house; and forgetting to pray in the mad tumult of her wrung heart—was also gazing out upon the storm which was not wilder than the tumult in her own heart.

From her elevated position she could look over the tree tops and serried clouds as, like a battling host marshalled to the charge, amid sulphurous flames and smoke they rose and spread athwart the sky.—She could see the eddying of Hurl Gate, tossing, with whirls, the foam caps, white as drifting snow, in the air—the breakers tumbling against the black rocks, as if they would hide the dangers from the bold mariner's view.

Suddenly the sound of a cannon was heard, and, as she looked up the sound, she saw that a ship of war had hove to above the narrow gorge of the Gate. A signal for a pilot was flying at the foretop, and the hated cross of St. George flew from the spanker gaff.

With one wild yell of fierce delight the fair girl bounded from the room.

'Life for life!—Nathaniel Hale shall be revenged!'

What was her idea? Within another room in the house was the clothing of a brother, who had long since been laid under the sod; and to this room she fled, and soon was arrayed in a suit of clothing such as the young men generally wear when they go on a boating expedition. Without the least hesitation she cut the long glossy tresses of hair from her head, and in a brief period bore the appearance of any young man of eighteen, not more than her age. Having made these arrangements with a rapidity which only desperate resolve could cause, she instantly left the house, passing down the avenue before her father's eyes, he apparently little thinking that the spruce young waterman who chose to breast such a storm, was his accomplished daughter.

Hurrying down to a boat house which fronted the avenue, she loosened one of those small, light skiffs which are still the models of the pilots at Hurl Gate, hoisted a small sail, and in a few moments was out upon the flood tides as freely and boldly as if she had been in a stout ship, instead of so frail and small a boat. It is no new thing for her to be upon the water, being reared so near it, and hundreds of times had she been dashing over those waves, but never in such a gale as that.—Yet cooly she steered her tiny craft, avoiding the dangerous whirlpools and rocks, and heading towards the frigate, which, impatient for a pilot, had fired another gun.

Within less than twenty minutes from the time she started, she had luffed alongside of the man-of-war, having caught the line cast out to her, and fastened the boat, had mounted the vessel's side, and stood upon the quarter deck, in the presence of the commander.

'Are you a pilot?' said the latter impatiently.

'I am, sir,' was the reply.

'Young for such business. Could you take us through the Hurl Gate?'

'As well as my father, who has been a pilot here more than thirty years,' was the reply.

'Why did he not come out instead of sending a boy like you in a blow as fresh as this?'

'Because he is laid up with the rheumatism, sir, and then he knows that I can pilot you through as well as he can. Sir Henry Clinton knows me sir.'

'Ah does he—well that is all right.—Can you bear away yet?'

'No sir, not within an hour—till the tide runs ebb?'

'That is bad; this gale keeps rising.—Is there no anchorage hereabouts?'

'No sir not within twenty miles, where your anchor would hold.'

'Then we must go through!'

'Yes sir, as soon as the tide comes. I would not risk it till then, for if the current should catch you on either side bow, you'd go on the rock, sure.'

'That is true young man. Let me know the very earliest moment we can go through.'

'Aye, aye, sir.'

And while the British commander turned of to speak to one of his officers, the patriot pilot calmly went to the main gangway, and looked over the side, as if watching for the change of tide.

But what was passing in her heart then? There were between three and four hundred souls in that fated vessel. She had lost the only loved thing, besides her father, on the earth, when Nathan Hale was hung as a spy that morning. She was not thinking how many hearts would be broken by her intended act; she was not thinking of the mothers, and sisters, and wives in England who would soon mourn for the deed—she was only thinking that soon she would join him in the spirit land, and that dearly would his loss be avenged. For her own life she cared not, thought not—not even did she think of that worshipping father, who sadly paced his room, believing that she was praying for patience to bear her loss.

Meantime, there were those three or four hundred hearts beating with gladness that they had got over a long and sickening voyage and soon would be anchored in front of the sheen of green, even though the storm hovered over them.

At last, looking towards the home in which she was born, she knew it would be her last look, she turned and went to the commander and said.

'The tide is slack, it changes suddenly, and we intend to fill away at once.

The commander gave the necessary order to his lieutenant, and the next moment the main topsail, which had been laid back, was braced around, the head seats eased away, and the vessel headed for the narrow channel, where a thousand crafts have ere this laid their oaken bones.

As they approached the channel and saw the black rocks, the whirling eddies, the taunting breakers dashing high on every hand, the officer and crew looked out upon the danger. But so calm and fearless seemed the young pilot, that re-assurance had a home in every heart—so clear above the gale his bugle like voice sounded as he gave orders, 'Port, steady so, luff a point, &c.'

They were more than half through.—The tumbling breakers of the 'punch bowl' and 'hog's back' had been passed; a few hundred fathoms more and they would be safe from danger. Then one quick glance towards heaven, and the disguised girl cried out:

'Port, port, hard!'

The helmsman obeyed. The vessel eased off before the wind, and flew on with accumulated speed for a moment and then was no more! With a crash that sent her tall spars tumbling over her bows, and sent her reeling to the deck, she brought upon a huge rock near the perpendicular shore to the right. Then, amid the rush of waters, the curses of officers, and the shouts of frightened men, was heard the shrill cry—

'If any of you survive this wreck, go tell your British General that Nathan Hale is AVENGED, and that by a *Woman too!*—Sink! and may my curses go with you all!'

And before any could have reached her, had they wished it, she leaped into the eddying tide, and ere she sank, the proud frigate, with its shivered spars and sails, its flag still flying, and its crew of stout men, was going down into the cold, dark waters, and the murdered Nathan Hale was avenged!

And thus this brief sketch is closed.—The guns of the sunken frigate rest beneath the tide of Hurl Gate; but the memory of the Patriot Pilot lives in more than one breast yet.

He Did and then He Didn't.

Mr. James Johannes Smith was a man of a somewhat equivocal stamp, or at least everybody said so, and that makes it true. Yet he was an accommodating neighbor, and went to meeting Sundays, and had been known to tell his experience, the wickedness of which drew many a sigh and groan from the pious old deacons.—He used to drop a dime regular into the contribution box, and sometimes a quarter, but then that wasn't all. He was said to be guilty of paying more attention to a couple of sparkling black eyes, than to the devout teachings of the minister, and the deep sigh which now and then escaped his breast, was not exactly of a go-to-meeting character. Kate Hopkins had the above alluded to eyes, (how I hate such eyes,) and had a good bringing up, but they were a little too mischievous and black for the welfare of her heart. She boarded at James' house. (James was a married man.) She, too, went to meeting regular, but was particular fond of going evenings. Mrs. Smith staid at home then, and took charge of three or four little curly-headed children.

Mrs. Smith began to think (though she didn't say anything about it) that her husband was getting pious rather too fast, or that the minister preached better sermons in the evening than he did in the day time. Mrs. Smith was an observing woman, and had noticed that James and Kate would come home slower than the rest of the congregation, and some other little things she did not think best to say anything about. I did not say that Mrs. Smith was a jealous woman, but she certainly had some very strange freaks. One Sunday evening, just before meeting was out, she thought she would while away a few minutes just to kill time, by sitting under a grape vine by the gate. It was a warm night—the moon, too small to stay up late, had disappeared entirely. Presently, the soft footsteps were heard, the steady, measured tread of old men with thick boots, and young men with their best new calfskins, and the stamping of still smaller ones, which made such a racket she liked to have run, but she didn't.

It was soon still, however, and no one had disturbed the gate! She could not have been mistaken in this, for she was close by it, and it never opened without a long grating or growling noise, as though it hated to be disturbed. Hark! the careful step of a man approaches and the patting of a little gaiter boot falls softly on the night air? It nears, though slowly, and the quick hearing ears of Mrs. Smith caught something like the sound of muffled whispers. They came nearer, and finally stopped. Mrs. Smith held her breath, while Mr. Smith turned his back towards her, leaning partially against the fence, and Kate, as nearly as she could see, leaning partially on him. Oh that her ears had been deaf, that her little fluttering heart had not been susceptible of such agitation. Was she in her right mind, or had some wild fancy taken possession of her thoughts? She was not crazy, and her ears could not well misunderstand at reaching distance. Smith spoke first after a moment's pause:

'There is but one thing left for us to do.'

'And that,' softly whispered his companion, clinging closely to him all the while.

'Fly, fly with me—dearest, away from this unhappy spot, where I can pour out my love at your feet, and forever bask in the sunshine of your charms. The world will be nought to me unless I can clasp you to my heart, and not feel the pleasure to be momentary and fleeting.

'I am yours forever,' sighed Kate, leaning her head upon his shoulder—'and whatever he your wishes, I will only be too happy in obeying them.'

'To-morrow night, then,' answered James, 'you will meet me at the foot of the lane, at ten o'clock, where I will have a carriage in readiness, and ere the morning dawns upon us, we will be out of the reach of harm or danger from Nancy, and I shall not care for any one else.'

'I will be there at the hour,' said Kate, leaning her head upon his shoulder 'and now we must go in or Nancy will be uneasy.'

But before they disturbed the ugly gate, Smith drew Kate to his heart in one fond embrace, and smack went a kiss upon her upturned lips. As Smith turned round he thought he saw something flash.

The old gate swung on its rusty hinges, and the lovers took the path leading to the back door. Mrs. Smith heard this last charge to Kate, to be punctual to the hour, and ran hastily to the front door and by the time they had gained the back door, she was comfortably rocking in her arm chair as unconcerned as if nothing had happened.

That night Smith dreamed lovely dreams, how he would fly with the idol of his affections, and evade the search of those whose revengeful dispositions would tempt them to follow; but Mrs. S. dreamed how he wouldn't, and how much he would repent of ever having ventured upon so hazardous an experiment; and how liable human hopes were to blast, and the fondest dreams to vanish in thin air. But how to frustrate his plans was the question. She didn't sleep when she dreamed, but she decided upon a plan of action, and then dropped herself in the arms of Morpheus. She arose early, prepared a good breakfast, and expressed herself quite uneasy about Smith's health, as his appetite seemed so very poor, and had been getting so for some time past. Smith tried to be good that day, and had not Nancy been in his secret, she would have taken his attentions for genuine love. Smith informed Nancy at dinner that he had some urgent business on hand, and that he should not probably be at home to supper. Mrs. Smith was sorry but couldn't help it.

Night came, and so did ten o'clock, which time found Smith at the foot of the lane. A female form, closely enveloped, sprang into his carriage, and Smith embracing her, drove as fast as his horse could carry them. On, on they drove, clinging to each other in all the tenderness of affection, he snatching a kiss every now and then from the nectar lips which only spoke in sighing whispers.

Smith declared it the happiest moment in his life: and she only answered his loving protestations with a warmer embrace.

Smith longed for the light once more, that he might look into her love-beaming eyes, and read the tender thoughts she could not speak. Light did come at last, and when the faintest streak of crimson tinged the eastern hills with a mellow light, Smith sought once more to feast his eyes upon those sparkling orbs which captivated him at the meetings. He took hold of her dimpled chin and turned her face lovingly up to his, and, O horrors! Nancy was looking him right in the face!—Smith jumped a foot off the seat, dropped the lines, which Nancy caught; he tried to say something, but his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth. Nancy roguishly smiled and said:

'Look into my loving eyes, Jim; but Jim wouldn't do it, although she declared it to be the happiest moment in her life.

'James,' said she, 'do you see that house yonder? that is mine, and if you have no objections, we will spend the first night there.'

Nancy, it seems, while Smith was beside himself with delight because of the triumph of his new born love, had slily turned the horse on a different road in the right direction to reach her home again about daylight. I never could learn from Mrs. Smith what Jim said when he did speak, but she says he is the best man she ever saw. But Nancy did tell one wrong story; she came home from a call just before it was time for Kate to start off with Smith, crying with tears in her eyes that her husband had got thrown from his buggy and nearly killed, and that she must go and take care of him. That was the reason why Kate didn't go at the time appointed; and Nancy had no difficulty in presenting herself at the rendezvous agreed upon and had the happiness of eloping with her own husband.

A SHORT SERMON AND A GOOD ONE.—The Rev. Dr. B——, of Philadelphia, is noted for brief sententious sayings in the pulpit and out of it. As he was coming down Chestnut street the other day a gentleman asked him "Sir, can you tell me how to find the Sheriff's office?" "Yes sir," was the reply, "Every time you make five dollars spend ten!" Saying this the Doctor walked on, leaving the questioner gaping upon the sidewalk. He was a stranger, who had come to town on business, and asked for information; but the more he pondered, the more he was convinced that his unknown informant had answered him wisely.

FOUNDER IN HORSES.—Take a tablespoonfool of pulverized alum, pull the horse's tongue out of his mouth as far as possible, and throw the alum down his throat. Let go of his tongue, and hold up his tail till he swallows. In six hours time, no matter how bad the founder—he will be fit for moderate service. I have seen this remedy tested so often, with perfect success, that I would not make five dollars difference in a horse foundered—if done recently—and one that was not.—*E. L. Barnum.*

☞ I love the silent watches of the night, as the thief said when he robbed the jewelry shop.

Anecdotes of Stump Speaking.

The system of canvassing and electioneering as it is carried on in the Southwest, affords much that is amusing as well as instructive. We find a rich joke, said to have occurred in a canvass in Tennessee, between the Hon. Cave Johnson and Major Gustavus A. Henry. As the story runs, Major H., in reply to an allusion of his opponent as to his manner of shaking hands, said:

"I will tell you a little anecdote illustrative of the peculiar electioneering abilities of my honorable friend in his intercourse with our intelligent constituents. We were canvassing in a remote part of the district, and having an appointment to speak near the house of a very influential Squire, we spent the previous night at his house together. It was well known that the Squire controlled all the votes in that precinct, and that his better half controlled him, so that it was all important to get on the right side of her. We had agreed not to electioneer with the Squire while we staid with him; but I did not think this forbade me to do my best with his family. So I rose about day break the next morning, and, thinking that I should make friends with the mistress of the house by bringing water to cook the breakfast, I took a bucket and started off for the spring. I was tripping off on a light fantastic toe, singing merrily as I went along, when what on earth should I see, as I looked into the barnyard, but the old woman milking the cow, while my honorable friend, with his face ruddy with morning exercise, and his long locks streaming in the breeze, was holding the cow by the tail! I saw in an instant that he had the start of me. I returned to the house discomfited, and abandoned all hope of a vote in that region."

Anecdote of Havelock.

During his stay in England, the narrator went one evening to the house of the colonel, in compliance with an invitation. In the course of conversation, Mrs. Havelock turned suddenly round to her husband, and said, 'By the way, my dear, where is Harry?' referring to her son, whom she had not seen during the whole afternoon. The colonel started to his feet. 'Well, poor fellow, he's standing on London bridge, and in this cold, too. I told him to wait for me there at 12 o'clock today; and in the pressure of business as ——, I quite forgot the appointment.' The father and son were to have met at twelve at noon, and it was now after seven o'clock in the evening. Yet the father seemed to have no doubt that Harry would not move from his post until he appeared. The colonel at once rose, ordered a cab to be called, and, as he went forth to deliver his son from his weary watch on London bridge, he turned to excuse himself to his visitor, saying, '*You see, sir, that's the discipline of a soldier's family!*' In the course of an hour, the colonel returned with poor Harry, who, although he appeared somewhat affected by the cold watch, and glad to see the fire in the comfortable parlor at home, seemed to have passed through the little afternoon's experience with the greatest good-humor, and the feeling that all was right.

CANDOR AND COURTESY.—When Mrs. Porter was about to marry Dr. Johnson she told him, with the greatest frankness, that she had once an uncle who was hanged. The doctor, with equal candor and courtesy, replied that it was perfectly immaterial to him; for, though he had no uncle hanged, many of his relatives *deserved hanging.*

☞ Old Mrs. Darnly is a pattern of household economy. She says she has made a pair of socks last for fifteen years by only knitting new feet to them every winter and new legs to them every other winter.

☞ A warlike population they have out in Cincinnati. In the Directory appears the following warlike nomenclature: Messrs. Gunn, Cannon, Pistol, Fuse, Shutee, Bullitt, Shot, Muskett and R. Tillory.

☞ It was remarked in the hearing of a little girl of thirteen, that all things came by chance, and the world, like a mushroom, sprang up in a night. 'I should like to know, sir,' asked the child, 'where the *seed* came from?'

☞ Every wooden leg that takes the place of a leg lost in battle, is a stump speech against war.

☞ Politicians make fools of themselves, pettifoggers make fools of others, and pretty girls make fools of both.

An Irish paper, describing a late duel, says that one of the combatants was shot through the fleshy part of the thigh bone.

☞ What did the cat say when the Ark got aground, 'Is that *ar-a-rat?*'

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

The Proof Again.

The *Standard* man and his friend the "pedagogue" are on hands again, in the last *Standard*, with a rehash of their vapid vaporings and scurrilous blackguardism.—They demanded from us the proof that Walker or Douglas proved the President an "idiot" or a "lunatic." We furnished it rather stronger than they could bear, and yet they have the unparallelled effrontery and unblushing impudence to say, that we have merely said that "it is so, because we said it was." They say we "cite no passages." True we did not, because that would have occupied too much space.—But then we gave the substance of them, as fairly as either of them could have done. They know that, and hence they attempt by disparaging our construction of them, and blackguarding us, to make their readers believe we failed to produce the proof. As for their abuse we care nothing. It is like themselves, trifling and contemptible. But if it will be more satisfactory to them, we will give them some more proof, and "cite passages." Governor Walker, in his letter to General Cass, says:

"I state it as a fact, based on a long and intimate association with the people of Kansas, that an overwhelming majority of that people are opposed to that instrument; and my letters state that but one out of twenty of the Free of Kansas sustain it." * * * * * "Indeed, disguise it as we may to ourselves under the influence of the present excitement, the facts will demonstrate that any attempt by Congress to force this constitution upon the people of Kansas, will be an effort to substitute the will of a small minority for that of an overwhelming majority of the people of Kansas."

Governor Stanton corroborates this statement, and adds:

"It can only be maintained by the arms of the federal government forcing the constitution upon the people against their declared will, and against every principle of republicanism, democracy, right, and justice."

The President is attempting to force this swindle upon the people of Kansas, *ergo*, he is proved by Walker to be either an "idiot" or a "knave."

Again, Governor Walker, in his letter to Gen. Cass, Dec. 15th, 1857, says:

"In nineteen of these counties there was no census, and therefore there could be no such apportionment there of delegates based upon such census. And in fifteen of these counties there was no registry of voters. These fifteen counties, including many of the oldest organized counties of the Territory, were entirely disfranchised, and did not give and (by no fault of their own) could not give a solitary vote for delegates to the convention."

"In fifteen counties out of thirty-four, there was no registry, and not a solitary vote was given or could be given for delegates to the convention in any of these counties."

Governor Stanton, in corroboration of this statement, in his address to the people of the United States, says:

"The registration required by law had been imperfect in all the counties, and had been wholly omitted in one-half of them; nor could the people of these disfranchised counties vote in any adjacent county, as has been falsely suggested."

The President says everything connected with the Lecompton swindle was fair and legal, *ergo*, he is proved by Walker to be either an "idiot" or knave.

We might fill our columns with similar extracts, from the speeches and letters of Douglas and Walker, but they are unnecessary. These gentlemen don't call the President an "idiot," "lunatic," or "knave," but they prove it as clearly as could be done. If the Standard-man and the "pedagogue" fail to see it, we can only pity the obtuseness of their intellects. If they do see it, and yet for the sake of party and plunder are playing the hypocrite, (as we shrewdly surmise is the case) we must despise them.

We are sorry that we can't return the compliment they paid us in saying that Senator Broderick is "if possible, as great an ass as ourselves." We are proud of the association. If they were only as great asses as Broderick, Truth, Justice and Decency would have valuable champions.

They wind up by expressing the hope that the President won't resign in consequence of our exposure, but consult us "in all difficult and important questions." If he would consult us, we flatter ourselves, that we would prove safer and more honest counsellors than the model "Beef Mule Bigler," and others of that ilk, and better and sincerer friends than the Standard-man or the "pedagogue." But as we have no ambition to act as advisers to the President we modestly decline the honor, but refer him, in the language of "Old Bullion," to his God, who won't deceive him. If he had consulted Him more and Bigler and others of his kidney less, there would have been no need for our criticisms on his actions.

☞ The General Assembly of the New School Presbyterian church will meet at Chicago, May 20.

The Committee of Conference.

We announced last week that the Senate had proposed a Committee of Conference, on the bill admitting Kansas as a State, and expressed the hope that the House would refuse to accede. Since then, however, the House has granted a committee, and the following gentlemen have been appointed thereon:—

On the part of the House, Messrs. English, of Indiana, (Anti-Lecompton Democrat,) Stephens, of Georgia, (Lecompton Democrat,) and Hoard, of New York, (Republican.) On the part of the Senate, Messrs. Green, of Missouri, (Lecompton Democrat,) Seward, of New York, (Republican,) and Hunter, of Virginia, (Lecompton Democrat.)

It is considered that, with an honest committee, there can be no agreement in conference, in which case the question, in its present shape at least, will drop.

The opposition to Lecompton have thus far stood their ground manfully, and it is to be hoped they will remain true to the cause of right and justice.

A few days will determine what the result of the conference will be.

LARCENY OF PAPERS.—The Pittsburgh *Union* of the 7th inst., says that on the evening of the 5th inst., a couple of carpet sacks, belonging to Col. J. T. F. Wright, were stolen from the yard in the rear of his dwelling, in Allegheny. They contained about sixteen hundred newspapers; numerous letters, embracing a correspondence for fourteen years past; receipts of considerable value to Col. Wright; and canceled notes to the amount of over three hundred thousand dollars. Wonder if several of our communications, dunning him for the *small* sum of SIX DOLLARS and THIRTY-SEVEN AND A HALF CENTS that he has owed us for more than a year, were among the papers stolen. If they were the *Col.* no doubt feels easier in conscience since they have been abstracted, as they cannot any longer reproach him with his breach of honesty. But whether they were or not, we are sure that our receipt for the aforesaid small bill was not stolen, as we have never yet been so fortunate as to be called upon to grant him a receipt for the same.

☞ We return our thanks to Hon. Galusha A. Grow, for a copy of his speech on the Lecompton swindle delivered in the U. S. House of Representatives, on the 25th ult., and to A. K. McClure, of Franklin, for his speech on the Sale of the State Canals, delivered in the Pa. House of Representatives on the 1st inst. Both documents are a credit to the head and heart of their distinguished authors.

GOOD CHANCE.—We notice, by the Harrisburg *Democrat* that the one half of that paper is for sale. It is the only German Democratic organ at the Capitol, and has quite an extensive and renumerative patronage. A practical German Democratic printer with a small capital, may make a handsome investment by purchasing.—For terms apply to the Editor at Harrisburg.

Penna. Agricultural Society.

The following communication from the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society to a prominent citizen of our county, has been handed to us for publication. It is of general interest to the citizens of this Commonwealth, especially those partial to Agriculture and Agricultural pursuits. It requires no comment at out hands, as it is plain enough to be understood by all:

HARRISBURG APRIL, 13, 1858.

SIR:—Your attention is called to the following synopsis of the proceedings of the "Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society," at its late meeting, held on the 16th of March of the current year. It was then

"*Resolved*, That David Taggart and Amos E. Kapp, of Northumberland, and A. O. Heister, of Harrisburg, be appointed a Committee to receive proposals and make the necessary arrangements for the next Annual Exhibition," and Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 28th, 29th and 30th of September, and the 1st of October, were fixed as the days of Exhibition.

There was also a resolution passed, offering as a Premium, *a thorough bred Durham bull*, not less than eighteen months old, to the County Agricultural Society that shall furnish the largest membership to the State Society, in proportion to the taxable inhabitants in such county, previous to the 15th of September next—a Life Membership to cost $10, and an Annual Membership $1.

The Secretary most sincerely hopes that he will have the hearty co-operation of the Vice President and active friends of Agriculture in carrying out the design of this resolution, and will hold himself prepared to visit any County in the State in person, where he may be advised his presence will conduce to the furtherance of the object.

He will also be pleased to see the friends of the Society at all times, at the Office, in Second street above Walnut, Harrisburg, to receive and exchange Roots, Seeds, &c. A register will be kept of the donations to or from the Society, with a short statement of the results as far as furnished him.

With Respect,
A. O. HIESTER.
Secretary.

☞ A short time since, some scoundrel or scoundrels stole a calf from the farm of Mr. John Dopp, residing about a mile from Huntingdon, drove it on to the towing-path near that town, killed it and carried off the hind quarters, leaving the balance on the path.

Letter from Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19, 1858.

Don't "*Tempus Fugit*" fast? There it has been some four or five weeks since I have written to you, and I can scarcely realize it. But to-day, in order to make up for lost time, I have determined to indite this epistle for you, and I fear without considering the most important part of the business, i. e. something to write about. But as "a faint heart never won a fair lady," here goes.

Our hirsute friend, Mayor Vaux, has had a fine opportunity, during the last week, of playing the agreeable, which his friends say comes so natural to him. A committee of Baltimoreans paid us a visit for the purpose, as is stated, of viewing our many city improvements. The record of their nightly peregrinations has not been made public as yet; but the reporters seem to have followed close by on their footsteps throughout the day, as the columns of our daily papers will testify, teeming as they did with the extensive accounts of the progress the Baltimoreans had made throughout our city.—Being paraded through our principal streets and only into our finest buildings, no doubt but that they will be able to take back with them the most glowing accounts. Will it not be something to boast of? (and indeed it is true.) They were all in Moyamensing prison, and notwithstanding it is considered to be most securely guarded, they all escaped. The three great institutions of the city that seemed most to require their attention was our Mayor, the stream fire engines, and the police and fire alarm telegraph. As I have, in some of my former letters, explained the merits of the two first named institutions. I will take this opportunity of noticing the latter.

A telegraph is a telegraph, all over the world, I suppose, but the particular purposes to which it is applied here, are peculiar with only one or two other cities. The efficiency that our fire department is noted for, is owing in a great measure to the manner of giving alarms. Formerly, before the firemen could receive the notice that a destructive fire was raging, it was necessary for some one to make it known to the ringer of the State House bell, and this very often occasioned dangerous delay. But now, it is only necessary to go to an alarm box, which may be found at almost every two or three squares. The signal being given, not only the bell ringer at the State House, but to all the alarm boxes throughout the whole city, so that all the firemen know the exact whereabouts of the fire, and if in their respective district, they can immediately repair to it. The telegraph has been very beneficial of late in restoring lost children to their parents, as also the means of decreasing the circulation of counterfeit money. As soon as a new counterfeit is known to be out, it is made known to the inmates of the central police office, who transmit it by means of the telegraph to the various police stations throughout the city, and thence it is made known to the various tradesmen, and on the morrow the whole city know it through the press. Its general utility in our city affairs has brought great praise and honor to Mr. Philips, who, I believe, originated the idea of applying it to its present purposes.

The Rev. Dudley A. Tyng, who, you may remember, raised quite a row in his congregation some time ago, by making his political views public from the pulpit, met with a sad and it is to be feared fatal accident, last week. It seems that he was superintending some threshing, and being in his dressing gown, suffered it to be caught in some of the machinery by which his arm was drawn into the machine. At last accounts it is stated that in order to prevent mortification his arm has been amputated.

P. S.—Since dead. SIGMA.

The Hoop Trade.

For the edification of our numerous readers the ladies in particular—we clip the following description of one of the greatest "Hoop Skirt" manufactories in this country, from an exchange. It will serve to show the extent to which the article is worn by the women of this country, if not the dimensions, although they are almost equal:—

"Douglas & Sherwood, the hoop skirt manufacturers, turn out 4000 skirts every day, and constantly employ five hundred hands, besides 180 sewing machines; so says the *Journal of Commerce*. There is used each week not less than one ton of steel, to aid the ladies in spreading themselves. Several floors in a large building are exclusively occupied to their full extent with persons engaged in cutting cloth, tape, bone and steel, and manufacturing small metallic pieces used in constructing the skirt,—for all of which process cunningly devised machinery is employed by those who are engaged in adjusting these parts to each other, and bringing order out of apparent confusion. Hoop-skirt making is a science, and one on which patient study has been bestowed, till by successive improvements, an article of dress has been produced which is thought to be favorable to health, while it conduces to comfort and beauty. To illustrate the difficulty experienced in obtaining the exact desideratum, rattan, cord, whalebone and brass have been successively employed and rejected, in whole or in part, as too brittle, too rigid, too flexible, etc., and of course, much valuable machinery had to be thrown aside as useless, with each change introduced. Now, a kind of English steel is substituted, after being subjected to a high heat, and suddenly being plunged into cold oil and again transferred to a bath of melted lead to give it the proper temper and elasticity. Such quantities of the material thus prepared are used, that the railway train which forwards the weekly instalment from Connecticut to the factory in New York, is yclept the "hoop train," and of course, is regarded with more than ordinary consideration. The factory, with its industrious population of 500 young women, is an interesting place to visit."

A SLIGHT DEMONSTRATION.—We learn from an eye witness, that a fracas occurred in Philadelphia, on the 24th ult., between Mr. Rice, of the *Pennsylvanian*, and Mr. Magraw, the State Treasurer—the former Lecompton, and the latter anti-Lecompton. Rice struck Magraw a blow with his cane, whereupon the latter wrenched it from his hand, and, in turn, applied it to the back of the belligerent Lecomptonite, who, in the end, came off second-best. The police interfered—not, however, until the parties had upset a pea-nut stand—and both were taken before an Alderman, who let them off on their good behavior, after a promise to pay the peanut vender the damages they had occasioned.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Trump—Mud on our sreets.

☞ Court commences next Monday.

☞ In town—any quantity of measles.

☞ Pleasant—dunning and being dunned.

☞ Hard on sole-leather—Hunting up delinquents.

☞ Handsome—Jessee Smith's new stock of Hats, &c.

☞ Off to the Editorial Convention—the Junior.

☞ Will the *Whig* please tell us how old Mathusalum was?

☞ Spreading—the small pox at the Poor House in this country.

☞ A father called his son into a crowded stage—"Ben-jam-in!"

☞ "Some" on a talk, if not on a wire-roap walk—Yankee Smith.

☞ Read the letter to Young Men, this week. It is truly interesting.

☞ In Session—The Editorial Convention. May it result in benefit to the craft.

☞ Hon. John Ewing, formerly a member of Congress from Indiana, is dead.

☞ Excellent for the first—the entertainments of Young Men's Dramatic Association, last week.

☞ The man who ate his dinner with the fork of a river, has been endeavoring to spin a mountain top.

☞ The Chicago *Press* has an advertisement, forty columns long, of lands in that city delinquent for taxes.

☞ Gov. M'Willib, of Mississippi, and his wife, have just been blessed with a twenty-first pledge of conjugal affection.

☞ What is the difference between a bare head and a bair bed? One flees for shelter and the other is a shelter for fleas.

☞ A Beauty—the "owl" encaged in the old car at Herick & Swigert's Hotel, on Monday afternoon. He couldn't fly.

☞ Some landlords are in the habit of laying an extra fork across the plates of their delinquents boarders, as much as to say, "fork over."

☞ A new paper, we understand, is about to be started at Coalmout, Huntingdon county.—Huntingdon is bound to equal Blair in number of newspapers.

☞ Would fare as well—some persons we know, if they would talk less about other people's business, which don't concern them, and mind their own.

☞ Being filled up—a goodly number of tickets of Honorary Membership to the Altoona Brass Band. Hope every citizen who possibly can, will purchase one.

☞ The Huntingdon *American* has commenced the publication of a "Black List." That's right, Nash: let the public know who are mean enough to cheat the printer.

☞ A person reading funeral service at the grave, forgot the sex of the deceased, and asked one of the mourners, and Emeralder, "Is this a brother or a sister?" "Neither," replid Pat, "ounly a cousin."

☞ Gen. Persifer F. Smith, who sojourned at the Logan House, in this place, during the greater part of last summer, has been ordered to Utah to take command of the expedition against the Mormons.

☞ Pretty Steep—Wagner & McGuigan charged the Patent Office $10,576 for painting in colors a single ox for the Report of that Office. Also, the same price for one bull, $7,500 for a cow and $5,567 for a horse.

☞ The seventh annual session of the National Typographical Union will convene in Chicago, on the first Monday in May next. Messrs. J. W. Barnfield, Wm. Cuddy and J. L. Bittinger have been elected as delegates from St. Louis.

☞ Many persons spend so much time in criticising and disputing about the Gospel, that they have none left for practising it. As if two men should quarrel about the phraseology of their physician's prescription, and forget to take the medicine.

☞ Jean Paul certainly understood womankind remarkably well. He says that "female hearts are like Spanish houses; having more doors than windows, it is much easier to get into them than to *see* into them." Thou sayest well, O Jean Paul: it is even so.

☞ Love.—By Neel.

Love, like the grave, levels earth's vaine distinctions:
Hearts blend beneath its influence, as the colors
Blend in the rainbow, where each seperate hue
Grows faint and fainter, till its varied tints
Fade on our wondering eyes, and we behold
Nothing but heaven.

☞ Getting on his legs again—P. T. Barnum. He has lately resumed the management of the New York Museum, and is laboring with extraordinary vigor and skill to make it pay.—He has recently received $27,000 insurance on Iranistan, and is making preparations to rebuild it.

☞ We take the following from the Boston *Post*:—

Quoth Smith to Jones, it really is a sin
You do not get your pretty house fenced in;
Quoth Jones, you're wrong, the place is fenced, confound it,
My wife is all the time a *railing* round it.

☞ Not Dead—Frederick Kummacher, who was shot, on the 1st inst, at Conemaugh, is not dead, as was reported. Eleven buckshot were extracted from his breast, immediately over the heart, and he has so far recovered as to be able to be removed from Conemaugh to his residence near Indiana, Pa. Baker, his assailant, is still at large, and has most likely fled the State.

☞ We notice that our young friend Wm. F. Shaw, late editor of the Lewistown *Aurora*, has opened a bottling establishment in Huntingdon. If he has more "little black bottles," than he knows what to do with, he may send a box to our address, provided he fills them with the "beverage" he is celebrated for making.—We will give him printers pay therefor—a "puff."

☞ Woman.

Woman is
In infancy a tender flower
Cultivate her;
A floating bark in girlhood's hour—
Softly freight her.
A fruitful vine when grown a lass,
Prune and please her;
Old, she's a heavy charge, alas!
Support and ease her.

☞ On Early Rising.—One of our cotemporaries disposed of his virtue as follows:

"We have watched those fellows who are the early risers, and as a general thing they are the first chaps who go to the groceries of a morning. It is all moonshine about the smartest and greatest men being the early risers. It might have been so in old times, but when you see a chap moving about very early now, you may be certain he is after a drink. That's the result of our observations." Well, perhaps it's so!

NEW VOLUMES OF THE FOUR GREAT BRITISH REVIEWS, namely, *Edinburg, North British, Westminster, and London Quarterlies, and Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine, (Monthly.)* Commence with January, 1858.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Any one Review or Blackwood, $3 a year. Blackwood and one Review—or two Reviews, $5. The four Reviews and Blackwood, $10. Four copies to one address, $30.

Postage (which should be paid quarterly in advance) on the four Reviews and Blackwood to any Post Office in the United States, only 80 cents a year, namely: 14 cents a year on each Review, and 24 cents a year on Blackwood.

Address, L. SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
April 8, 1858. 54 Gold Street, corner of Fulton, N. Y.

LOVERING AND NEW ORLEANS Syrup Molasses, at fair prices, at
Nov 19, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

PETERSONS' COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR.—The following notice of the above valuable publication we copy from Forney's *Press*, of the 15th inst.:—

"The new semi-monthly number for April 15th, of Peterson's *Counterfeit Detector*, published this day, contains the list of *thirty-seven* new counterfeit bank notes, which have appeared since the issue of the last monthly number. The best thing is to subscribe to the semi-monthly issue of Petersons' *Detector*, and thus get a copy of it every two weeks. We notice a new feature in the present number. This is a page of information on finance, locally and generally, written expressly for this work by one of the least visionary, best informed, and most able, experienced, and practical monetary writers in this country. It will be continued in each number of the *Detector*, and includes information on trade, commerce, money, specie, stocks, bonds, banks, and railroads. We have read every line of the article, and are thus assured of its merit and reliability. The general contents of the work are admirable, and every person engaged in business ought to become a regular subscriber to this *Detector* at once. The price of it semi-monthly is only Two Dollars a year; or monthly, One Dollar a year."

BURNT TO DEATH—SHOCKING CARELESSNESS.—On Saturday last, near York, Pa., a little son of George Reibling was burnt to death. The father, assisted by another man, was engaged in burning brushes, which had been collected at different places in the field, and had several stacks burning at once. While so engaged, it was discovered that the child, who had been at one of the brush-heaps, was burning in a blaze. Reibling rescued the child, whose stockings and clothing prevented any serious bodily injuries from the burning. Provoked at the child for its mishap, the father took him to the house, where there were no inmates, and, throwing the child in a bed, departed to his work in the field. Some minutes elapsed, when the man who assisted Reibling directed the attention of the latter to a cloud of smoke coming out of the house. On reaching the building it was found that the child, still in bed, was completely surrounded by fire, with all its clothes in a blaze. When rescued, the child was burnt almost to a crisp—the head completely bare of hair—and survived only three or four hours.

PERSONAL.—The Mobile *Advertiser*, speaking of Parson Brownlow, holds the following complimentary language: "What must be the impression as to the character of the Southern people upon the minds of the ignorant masses of the North when they behold and listen to this blackguard Tennesseean, and are told that he is a minister of the Gospel, and the chosen champion of Southern institutions, sent among them by the people of the South? It was an unfortunate joke for Southern gentlemen, as they did it, doubtless, only for the fun of the thing, to have encouraged this coarse brawler in politics and religion, to go into the North and expound the merits of Southern institutions and Southern society. But the mischief has been done. The reverend ruffian has already crossed the line, and the enemies of the South are doubtless, by this time, chuckling at the prospect of the damage which the reputation of the Southern people is certain to suffer in the minds of the Northern masses from the blackguard exhibitions of this Tennessee parson."

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA, Mumps, Sore Throat, Stiffness and Swellings of the Joints and Limbs, Sprains, Pains in the Body are cured by the invaluable Liniment called

HYDER ALI MIXTURE.

This Liniment is without doubt the best in use. As a

LINIMENT FOR HORSES

it has no equal in curing Galls, Sprains, Curbs, Cuts, Swellings, old Sores, Bruises, and in fact every external injury to the Horse except Bone Spavin. Many of the most experienced Horsemen assert it to be the best Liniment ever used.

BARNES' PILE LOTION.

This celebrated Remedy for the Piles, when properly applied and its use continued in, will never fail in curing the most aggravated cases of Piles, External or Internal.

Read the Following from a Physician in Mississippi.

"*Dear Sir*:—The Barnes' Pile Lotion purchased of you has effected wonders. My attention was called to it while in North, but presuming it to be one of the many nostrums of the day, paid but little attention to it. Some months since I was sent for to attend a planter, who was sorely afflicted with the disease. His condition was truly distressing. Among the most aggravated case I have met with in a practice of over thirty-five years. This was the first case I used it in. I used three bottles of it and effected, I think, a permanent cure. I have used it in several cases since, and in none has it deceived me. My experience induces me to say that it is the most valuable remedy for Piles ever used. At my suggestion, Le Count sends you an order for a pretty liberal supply."

Prepared only at Barnes' Drug Store, Trenton, N. J.—Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and B. Page Jr. & Co., Pittsburg. [May 14, '57-1y.

JOHN BRYAR & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS,
AND
RECTIFYING DISTILLERS,
155 *Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,*

Beg leave respectfully to inform their old customers and the public generally, that they have on hand and are constantly receiving direct from the Importers, a large supply of the very choicest brands of Liquors Among their large assortment may be found

Wines, Brandies, Gin, Cordials, Jamaica Spirits,
St. Croix and New England Rum, Champagne,
Irish, Scotch, Bourbon, Old Monongahela and Rectified Whisky,
Peach, Wild Cherry, Blackberry, Strawberry and Raspberry Brandies, &c., &c., &c.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly attended to. Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to call upon us, as we are determined to sell nothing but the very best.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

PAPER HANGINGS.
THE BEST ASSORTMENT EVER brought to Pittsburgh. Come and feast your eyes.—Buy or not, the goods will be shown.
WALL PAPER,
For PARLORS, DINING ROOMS, CHAMBERS, ENTRIES, CHURCHES and LODGES.
WALL PAPER,
At 6 to 12½ cents,
At 12 to 25 cents,
At 25 to 50 cents,
At 50 cents to $1,00,
At $1,00 to $2,00,
At $2,00 to $5,00.
MARBLE FRESCOES,
PLAIN OAK, WALNUT, PANEL OAK,
Borders, Ceilings, Statues and Paintings.
W. P. MARSHALL & CO.,
Pittsburg, April 1, 1858-2m.] 87 Wood st. Pittsburg.

NEW YORK WEEKLY.
SMITH'S GREAT STORY!
NOW READY
AND FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS,
Entitled
MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,
OR,
WAIFS ON THE SEA OF HUMANITY.
A Romance of Every-Day Life.

This is the greatest Story ever written by this popular Author. It has been copy-righted and will not be printed in any other form. Back numbers can always be had.—The WEEKLY is sold by H. FETTINGER.
Altoona, April 1, 1857-4t. Altoona, Pa.

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The undersigned subscriber has on hand now and for sale a
FIRST RATE QUALITY OF RED BRICK,
at the well-known Brick Yard at McCahan's "Bluff," where he is prepared to furnish any quantity of BRICK on short notice. Orders from a distance will be attended to, and Brick delivered in the cars. Address
April 1, 1858-3m. WILLIAM VAUGHN,
Duncansville, Blair county, Pa.

SETTEES FOR SALE.—THE UNdersigned has on hand a lot of Settees which he will sell cheap for cash. JOHN SHOEMAKER.
[March 25-tf] Masonic Temple.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.—READ THIS—OLD AND YOUNG.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S
HAIR
RESTORATIVE.

IS, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this age of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a most luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofula, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as scald head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or periodical headache; make the hair soft, glossy and preserve the color perfectly, and the hair from falling, to extreme old age. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession;

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*:—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time and having tried all the hair restoratives extent, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial. I placed myself in the hands of a barber, and had my head rubbed with a good stiff brush, and the restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was aglow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared and grew rapidly from August last till the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch; whereas, before, it was harsh and wiry, what little there was of it, and that little was disappearing very rapidly. I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now I had read all these things—and who has not? but have not seen hitherto any case where any person's hair was really benefitted by any of the hair tonic, etc., of the day; and it really gives me pleasure to record the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here know its effects and have confidence in it. The supply you sent us as wholesale agents for the Territory, is nearly exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery, and I, for one, return you my thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of effecting any such result. Yours, hastily,

J. W. BOND,
Firm of Bond & Kelly, Druggists, St. Paul.

From the Editor of the Real Estate Advertiser.

BOSTON, March 20, 1856.

DEAR SIR:—Having become prematurely quite gray, I was induced, some six weeks since, to make a trial of your Restorative. I have used less than two bottles, but the gray hairs have all disappeared; and although my hair has not fully attained its original color, yet the process of change is gradually going on, and I am in great hopes that in a short time my hair will be as dark as formerly. I have also been much gratified at the healthy moisture and vigor of the hair, which before was harsh and dry; and it has ceased to come out as formerly.

Respectfully yours, D. C. M. RUFF.

CARLYLE, Illinois, June 19, 1856.

I have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative, it has resumed its original color, and have no doubt, permanently so. SIDNEY BREESE,
Ex-Senator United States.

O. J. Wood & Co., Proprietors, 312 Broadway N. Y. and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Missouri.
For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. [9-1y

ONLY ONE BOTTLE OF DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR OR LIVER REMEDY,

is required to cure any one troubled with Liver Complaints, unless the most desperate of cases, when the second bottle will, with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to health and vigor. We wish to call the attention of all to these facts, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the last twenty years with a success almost credulous, and it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

One bottle is the surest thing known to carry away the bad effects of mineral poison of any kind.

Only one bottle of it is needed to throw out of the system the effect of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

One dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose of two tea-spoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstructions removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one will often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a sure preventative of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞ One or two doses taken occasionally is one of the best remedies for cold ever known.

Thousands of cures of inflammation and weakness of the lungs have been cured by the Invigorator.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no surer, safer and speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

There is no exaggeration in these statements, they are plain and sober facts, that we can give evidence to prove, while all who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor

We wish all who are sick and debilitated to try this remedy, and test it thoroughly, and any who are not benefited by its use we should like to here from, as we have yet to hear from the first person who has used a bottle of Invigorator without receiving benefit, for there are such astonishing medicinal virtues in it, that all, no matter how long they have been affected, if their complaint arises from a deranged liver, will be benefited, if not entirely cured.

Sanford & Co., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.—Dr. G. H. Keyser, Druggists, No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Wholesale Agent. For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. April 2, 57'-1y

THE NEW ROCHELLE OR LAWTON BLACKBERRY.

Having made arrangements with Rev. J. Knox for a supply of Plants of this valuable Blackberry, 20,000 strong, thrifty plants are offered at the following prices:

1000 plants	$125,00	25 plants	$3,00
500 "	65,00	12 "	1,50
250 "	35,00	6 "	1,75
100 "	15,00	3 "	1,00
50 "	8,00	1 "	,50

The "Springfield Republican," of Massachusetts, says: "It is the Queen of all berries, of most magnificent proportions, exquisite flavor and delicate texture."

Extract from the proceedings of the American Pomological Society, held in Boston:

Mr. Carr, of Mass. "I wish to inquire about the New Rochelle Blackberry."

Rev. Wm. Clift, of Stonington, states: "The New Rochelle Blackberry has fruited with me for the first time this season; *it fulfills all its promises, which is all that need be said of it.* Coming just after Raspberries, it prolongs the season of small fruits a month or more, and it is a great acquisition. It deserves a place in every garden."

Mr. Pine, of New York. "It is the most remarkable acquisition; very sweet and delicious indeed, and the hardiest plant possible."

Mr. Maurice, of New York. "It is very large, tender and delicious. I think it is the greatest acquisition we have had."

Mr. Clark, of Conn. "I never saw anything more productive."

Mr. Saul, of New York, "I can corroborate what others have said."

Mr. Prince, of New York. "It is a most remarkable acquisition of the Blackberry kind—very sweet and delicious indeed; a great bearer, and the hardiest plant possible."

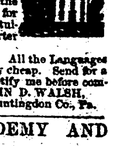
Geo. Gabriel, Esq., of Stonington, Conn. "It has fruited with me for the first time this season. It fulfills all its promises, and deserves a place in every garden."

Mr Knox who has five acres in cultivation exhibited last season some of the fruit before the Pittsburgh Horticultural Society. The Pittsburgh Chronicle says: "Many of our citizens visited the rooms of the Society with a view of examining Mr. Knox's collection, and those who were fortunate enough to see it expressed their admiration in no measured terms." The Society awarded the exhibition a diploma.

Orders addressed to Rev. J. KNOX, or the subscriber and accompanied with the cash, or a suitable reference where the parties are not known, will be filled in the order in which they are received.

NEWMAN'S THORNLESS BLACKBERRY PLANTS for sale at the same prices. JAMES WARDROP.
9-3t. 47 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE CASSVILLE SEMINARY.—ONLY $22,50 PER QUARTER.



This School for Young Ladies and Gentlemen is probably the cheapest one of the kind in the country. The expenses for room rent, furniture, fuel, board and tuition in common English, are per quarter as above, or per year only $88.

Piano Music is only $5 per quarter. All the Languages and the Ornamentals are proportionally cheap. Send for a circular. Students are expected to notify me before coming. Address JOHN P. WALSH,
Feb. 25-2m] Cassville, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

PINE GROVE ACADEMY AND SEMINARY.

Pine Grove Mills, Centre County, Pa.
J. R. THOMAS, A. B., Principal.

The Thirteenth Session of this Institution will commence April 28, 1858, and continue five months.

TERMS—Boarding and tuition in English Branches $55. Reference—Dr. G. D. Thomas, Altoona. [Mar. 25-3t*

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—500 boxes Oranges and Lemons in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD.
March 26, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. D. [illegible]

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The following article on this subject, which we clip from the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, of Friday last, so completely embodies our sentiments and feelings, that we cheerfully give it a place in our columns. We forbear comment, other than that we cordially endorse everything therein contained:

"Whatever differences of opinion may exist among the citizens of various sections of our State as to the propriety of releasing this road from the tax on tonnage, we are fully convinced that it is most admirably managed—we think conducted with more care and security against accidents than any road in the country. When one considers the region which it traverses, it is almost marvelous how safe it is—how extremely rare are even slight accidents, while none of a fearful character are to be recorded. In passing over these mountains, either by night or by day, an accustomed traveler feels hardly more uneasy than if by his own fireside, and the most timid women sleep calmly and safely while ascending and descending the formidable Allegheny mountain range in the darkest and dreariest night.

This security, and the assurance of it, which is imparted to every mind, rest on the conviction that careful, sober and skilful men are in control in every position of responsibility—that no link in the chain of security is left unwatched—no careless management excused, in any department; and most important of all, that each department is controlled absolutely by its own head, with no conflict of duty or authority. The President has his own place and duties, so the superintendents, agents, conductors—he who is responsible for the management of each department, alone employs and directs those employees—no one else pretends to interfere with his plans.

It is of course to be expected that the superintendents and other important officers of such a company will be carefully selected. Mr. T. A. Scott, the general superintendent, who resides at Altoona, though apparently quite a young man, is a gentleman of rare qualifications for the post—polite and accommodating in any required degree, yet remarkably energetic, intelligent, firm, and efficient in every respect; and that his usefulness has been well appreciated, is itself one testimony to the good management and good sense of the President and directors. Of the other officers it is only necessary to say that they are generally chosen with regard to qualification exclusively—favoritism or "influence" being carefully guarded against. While on some roads, as we are told, each Director presumes to exercise "influence," and interfere, when he sees fit, with the duties of this or that agent, he who should attempt such a thing on our great Central would learn a useful lesson in humility, in short meter.

We hope to see the day when the feeling of hostility toward this road which peculiar circumstances have caused in some parts of our State, will have passed away—when the true conviction, that the whole State is interested in its prosperity, and must prosper with it, will impress itself on the public mind. So far as the tonnage tax is concerned, while we hold that the continuance of the tax was one of the inducements to the sale of the State works to the company at an almost nominal price, we are yet of the opinion that since the tax almost necessarily compels the company to higher rates of freight than are charged by competing roads, it is hardly questionable that this tonnage tax is really paid by the shipper or consumer of freight; and, in the long run, that we, the people, rather than the railroad company, are the actual taxees—as it were, taking our own money to pay a tax nominally paid to us by the company. But we may misjudge, and will not discuss the subject further at present."

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE, PITTSBURGH.—The history of this institution, were it written, would show that no similar one in the country presents so many valuable and reliable advantages for obtaining a thorough and elevated commercial education. From the first establishment of the institution, the antecedents of the Principal commanded the confidence of the commercial community. Merchants looked upon him as one of themselves, who knew from experience what they wanted in clerks and bookkeepers; and near twenty years in the service has shown how well their confidence has been deserved. All the best and most reliable accountants and most thoroughly bred business men in this and the neighboring cities, are graduates of this institution, and many of them testify to having stept from the College Hall to the counting rooms of merchants, banks, railroad offices, &c., and were in a few days familiar with all the details of business. We do not, therefore, over estimate the value of this institution, when we say that it has, by elevating the standard of the moral and professional character of the merchant and the accountant, contributed largely to the prosperity of this and the neighboring cities. If therefore, any of our readers enquire where is the best place to obtain a thorough and reliable business education, we say, send to this college for its circular, and refer to some one of its numerous old pupils, who will answer for the truth of all we have stated. They can speak from many years' successful practice in business. Many of them will state that the diploma of this college, was the foundation of their subsequent prosperity and success. For further information address P. Duff, Principal.—*Commercial Journal.*

BLOSSOMING SPRINGTIME.—The season is rapidly unfolding, and on every hand the tokens of genial Summer are gathering around. The common house martin has visited his old abode under the eaves, and makes the morning melodious with his cheerful song. Early fruit trees are beginning to bud and blossom, and in some places the apricots are in full bloom, giving promise of a delicious fruition. Meanwhile, Old Sol is advancing on his northern tour, and in a few weeks more, the woods and fields, in new liveries of green, will strew his pathway with flowers and abundant vegetation.

"Chief, lovely Spring, in thee and thy soft scenes, flowers and abundant vegetation.
"Ye flower of human race in these green days,
Reviving Sickness lifts her languid head;
Life flows afresh; and youngeyed Health exalts
The whole creation round. Contentment walks
The sunny glade and feels an inward bliss
Spring o'er the mind, beyond the power of Kings
To purchase."

FOUND.—A few days since, a friend of ours picked up an article of women's waring apparel, in the vicinity of the United Brethren Church. The owner can have the article by calling at this office and describing it and paying for this notice.

YOUNG MEN'S DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION.—This association, composed exclusively of young men of our town, gave a couple of entertainments in Military Hall, on Thursday and Friday evenings last. The first was for their own benefit and the second for that of the Altoona Brass Band. The pieces performed were "Luke, the Laborer," and "Temptation; or, The Irish Emigrant." On both evenings the Hall was crowded, and the audience seemed highly pleased with the performances. For young men that have never had any experience in the line of acting, we must say they all acquitted themselves remarkably well. Several of them manifested talents of a high order. All that is necessary in their case is experience. The association, it is due to state, was not got up for the purpose of making money, but solely for the sake of the amusement and instruction of its members.—They deserve to be encouraged.

VALUABLE WORK.—Mr. King, the agent for this place, has handed us a copy of "Appleton's Illustrated Hand-Book of American Travel," which we have as yet but cursorily examined. From the examination, however we are free to say that it is a most valuable work, and ought to be in the hands of every citizen who wishes to be acquainted with the geography, characteristics, and improvements of his country. It is the most comprehensive Hand-Book of travel in our country that we have even seen, and we are determined to keep a tight hold on it. From it we have already learned more about our country than we ever before knew. It is for sale by Mr. King, the sole agent for this place, at the Shoe Store of Mr. John Shoemaker, in the Masonic Temple. Persons desirous of inspecting the character and merits of the work can either call on Mr. King or at our Sanctum.

TYRONE ITEMS.—From the Tyrone *Star*, of last week, we learn that the boarding house at Pennington Ore Bank, belonging to Bald Eagle Furnace, was burned to the ground some two weeks since. The inmates lost about $800 worth of property, consisting of their potatoes, meat and other provisions.

From the same paper we learn that the Presbyterian church of that place, in connection with Birmingham and Warriors Mark, have made arrangements to secure the pastoral services of Rev. Mr. Happer, D. D., late Missionary to China.

Also—that the Lutheran charge of that place, heretofore supplied by Rev. Fletcher, of Huntingdon, has secured the services of Rev Crist, resident minister at Birmigham.

☞ To "A Reader" who sent us a copy of the story published in our last paper, with opinions thereon, we would say that it was not selected for publication, and was placed in type, ere we knew it, and we had either to publish it or delay the paper for a day. However, there is and old saying that "to the pure all things are pure," and we respectfully commend it to the attention of "A Reader." The extreme modesty of "A Reader" strongly reminds us of an anecdote of Dr. Johnsen. After he had published his dictionary, a lady one day complimented him on its accuracy &c., and said she was particularly pleased to find that he had omitted all vulgar words. The Dr. tartly replied. "So, madam, you have been looking for them." It *may* be so with "A Reader."

PLANTING SHADE TREES.—We are pleased indeed, to notice that quite a number of our citizens have been and are now engaged in planting shade trees along the sidewalks in front of their residences. It evinces a spirit of improvement that is highly commendable and will be a pride and pleasure to them, ere long, on which they could not place a value. To those who have trees in a growing condition we would say now is the time to look after them. Let those who pride themselves in having these handsome ornaments in front of their dwellings, attend to them and have the pods which germinate worms removed. Many a beautiful shade tree may thus be saved.

NEW FIRM.—We are pleased to announce that our young and agreeable friend, John Lowther has taken the place of Mr. McDowell, of the firm of Lowther & McDowell, and that a new firm, under the name of J. & J. Lowther has been established. While we are sorry to part with such a clever friend as Mr. McDowell, we are glad that his place is to filled by one so accommodating as John is universally admitted to be. May prosperity attend the new firm.

☞ The Union Daily Prayer Meetings are assuming an interesting feature in this place—The various rooms in which the meetings are held are crowded, and the deep interest manifested by those who attend them must be productive of incalculable good. The sending in of requests, by those who have been awakened, for the prayers of God's people, is indeed encouraging. May the good work progress.

For the Altoona Tribune.

To the Young Men of Altoona.

LETTER NO. 3.

The Blessings of Liberty—a depth of Gratitude due to our Fathers—Our Responsibility—A great part of the World to be delivered from Civil and Religious Despotism—How and by whom must it be done?

Young Friends—Since my last, I have thought much about our privileges and blessings as a free and independent people. No nation under heaven has so much of which to be proud, and for which to be thankful, either on account of her civil or religious freedom. With regard to the former there is no restriction, except the restrains of wholesome law—in the latter, the rule is the man's own conscience. In his worship of Jehovah their is neither let, nor hindrance.

In looking at these privileges, the thought has occured, that under God, we owe a deep and lasting debt of gratitude to our Fathers. These blessings come to us as the result of their wisdom, toil, patriotism, sealed by their lifes blood. And how recreant to our trust we shall be, if we fail to transmit to coming generations, in their present purity. these institutions which, as an inheritance they have bequeathed to us.—While it is our privilege to enjoy and profit by them, we hold them in trust for our children.—They will have a right to expect them at our hands, as we have recieved them from our fathers. And should we fail to meet these just expectations, the Revolutionary Heroes, and the shades of departed Patriot Fathers, will rise up to condemn us, and the wrongs upon our children, and childrens children, will heap execrations unmeasured upon our memories. It does seem to me then, that the responsibilities of the present generation are tremendous, fearfully so. We hold in keeping for all coming generations, earth's greatest boon to man—civil and religious liberty.

This responsibility is greatly intensified too, when we regard the sad and deeply degraded condition of most other nations and then remember that true philanthropy makes it obligatory on us to seek and labor for their elevation. Why, in many portions of this earth, the right of private judgment is unknown to the masses. They must see and think, as "the favoured few," see and think for them. And of course these despots and tyrants see and feel that for their purposes it is necessary that they keep the iron hoof of civil oppression upon the necks of the people, and the halter of religious despotism around their throats—ready to press a little harder the one, if any signs of life appear in the pulsations of popular freedom, and draw a little tighter the other, if the heaving bosom of the great populace, shows the least evidence of remaining love for religious liberty—the highest exercise of man's inalienable and dearest rights. And he who takes it from his fellow, is a tyrant in the worst sense of the term—has disgraced his own soul, by making its counter-part in another, the object of such treatment—has committed a wrong for which he can never atone here and has sinned heinously against God, by whom he can not, and will not be forgiven, either in this world or the next, unless he truly repent. Of all the despots on earth, a religious tyrant is the most execrable.

Yet a large portion of our earth is under a tyranny civil and religious. And to us their eyes are turned with the hope of deliverance from their oppressors. Those who oppress them regard us with fear and trembling. They dread the influence of our example, and fear through us the dissemination of free Principles. And well they may; for the influence of Republican America, is at this day telling upon the remotest nations of earth. Republicism is no longer an experiment. The problem of self-government by the people has been successfully worked out. And the world regards the unparalleled and almost unexpected success of our free institutions, as the tocsin of alarm to despots and tyrants of all kinds. Already do some of them feel their thrones tottering. And just as the principles of free government go out from us, will their trembling increase until they fall, burying in the ruins their occupants. If Americans are true to themselves and their principles, this time will—it must come. Light and darkness can not dwell together. No more can liberty and despotism. The American Eagle is on the wing. The motto inscribed upon her broad aegis is—*Death to tyrants, and universal liberty to man.*" Her pinions are strong enough to bear her above every mountain top, and her scream shall ring through every valley. In the brightning future, the morn of universal liberty, civil and religious, seems almost to break.—May its light soon burst upon the world. Then shall earths grand jubilee begin.

But to whom must the consummation of this great work be committed? To you, young men, and to your fellows in America belongs the glory of it. You are the pride and hope of our country. To your keeping will the Ship of State, and the religious rights of the people, soon be entrusted. And upon you will depend the success and universal triumph of her principles. Are you ready for the trust? Are you prepared to take the helm? The responsibility is fearful—but from it you cannot escape—from it you dare not shrink. Nor is it a responsibility of a general, indefinite character; but of a personal individual kind. Each one has his part to perform, his place to fill, and for the manner in which he does so, must he answer to his own conscience, his country, and his Maker. The present is your schooling for it. Is your training preparing you for this coming responsibility, or not? This is a question for your present, candid consideration.—Look well to it. For the present farewell.

Most truly and affectionately, yours &c.

T. N. K.

HOME CORRESPONDENCE.

DUNCANSVILLE, APRIL 19, 1858.

Here I am, and that too contrary to my expectation. In my perambulation through the country I concluded to halt here a short time and give you an off-hand sketch suggested by visiting this place. While sauntering through these streets and thinking how, four months ago, this place resounded with the hum of business, but *now* silent and pulseless, this perceptible truth came into my mind. "The fashions of this world change and we change with them."

This village is beautifully situated, surrounded by a delightful country. It is on the Turnpike extending from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, about two miles west of Hollidaysburg and two north of Newry. The Rolling Mill and Nail Factory have ceased their noisy din and the shops belonging to them are destitute of workmen. I have been informed that the cause of the works stopping originated from a disagreement among the proprietors—more probably from the late financial panic. At one time these Works turned out a great amount of nails and rolled iron, and, to a casual observer, the prospect for a long and brisk business were very flattering, judging from the amount of patronage they received.—Our Ex-Representative, Jno. M. Gibbony Esq., is about attaching a "Chopping mill" to his Foundry which I believe will also soon be in operation. The Tannery, owned by Wm. Smith Esq., is well patronized, and the owner employs quite a number of hands. In my opinion however he yet needs one very necessary article to make him independent and happy, and that is—a wife.

Mr. James Funk employs about a dozen hands in making lime at this place. There are in this town a blacksmith shop, one waggonmaker shop and a carriage shop, all doing a paying business; three churches, in one of which at least, there is preaching every sabbath.

The citizens are kind, hospitable and generous to strangers, while a friendly feeling exists among themselves. Six families have gone to Kansas from this place with the space of a year, and still others are making preparations to remove thither.

I noticed something here which struck me very forcibly about the "*shins*"—the prodigious size of the ladies' hoops. Truly, "the way of the transgresser is hard." It occurred to me that a considerable diminution in the width of their skirts would be necessary before a lover could whisper a "proposal." At present they seen to place all such approaches at defiance as much as to say "*Procul! O procul! este profani!*"

STANS.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We would call your attention to the advertisement of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, which appears in the columns of our present number.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the article as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose, viz: for restoring gray hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never-failing preventative for the failing of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurff, dandruff, and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the restorative for the above purposes with the most gratifying results.

It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed, we think we have never puffed one before; but Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it.—(*Catholic Vindicator.*

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be ou the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockbill and Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street, above sixth. Gentleman and youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.—One of the very best Cough Medicines to be found anywhere, is Dr. *Keyser's* Pectoral Syrup. sold by G. W. Kessler, at 50 cents per bottle.

OUR BLACK LIST.

I PAID THE PRINTER! Ha! Ha!

I AM SORRY I DIDN'T!

CAREFULLY COMPILED BY THE EDITORS!

COMMENTS BY "SLEM!"

Published for the protection of our brethren of the Press and the Public generally.

SWAYED NEITHER BY FEAR, FAVOR, NOR AFFECTION, WE SHALL SPEAK OF MEN AS WE FIND THEM.

The following named individuals have "victimized" us to the tune of the amounts set opposite to their names.—Our brethren of the Press and the Public generally will do well to be on their guard while dealing with them. He who would cheat the printer would scrape at nothing.

T. & L. LAMBERT & Co., Philadelphia. $2 50.
These contemptible scoundrels, as Advertising Agents for a Cider Press, patronised us to the above time. If we ever come across them we'll *press* their miserable carcasses into their original nothingness.

DAVID AXE. $2 50.
Mr. Axe is another of our *honest* patrons. He victimized us out of the above sum, and skipped without *axeing* us for a settlement. That *Axe* was rather *sharp* for us.

RICHARD ALLEN. $2 50.
This *gent* graduated in rascality at our expense.

J. J. BOTOFF. $2 50.
This gent should not be called "Bought-off" but "Slope-off." If he is not good on a *long* he is on a *sell*. We have one consolation, however, and that is that he wont be able to cheat the Devil.

M. BOTTOFF, Bellefonte, Pa. $3 00.
We don't know whether this chap is related to the other Bottoffor not. If he ain't he ought to be, and if he is he's a *credit* to the family.

J. A. BRADLEY, Crossons, Pa. $4 00.
This "sneak" sneakingly sneaked off, leaving us to console ourselves as we best could. He is such a veritable "sneak" that he would sell his soul (a very small one) for a "fip" (a big price) and after pocketing the money sneak out of the bargain.

THOS. ROY, $2 50.
This promising young man promised to pay us but didn't. He has lately been married in Reading. Poor fellow! his punishment soon overtook him.

A. S. MCCLINTOCK, Patterson, Pa. $3 00.
This is another of our *honest* patrons. Such a small-souled wretch is not worth a longer notice.

P. FLANIGAN, Pittsburgh, Pa., $3 00.
This representative of the great "Flanigan family" walked into our affections "a feet." "Fire away Flanigan," but please don't "lift" us in future.

MOSES DOUTY, ESQUIRE, $6 75.
Cheating us out of the above snug sum, affords a fair specimen of the manner in which Moses dispensed justice, and how well *qualified* he was to discharge the duties of his office. After *imputting the eye-sight* of quite a number of our citizens, he "eloped" for Baltimore, leaving a host of friends to mourn their *loss*. We commend him to the "Slog Ugilies," "Rip Raps," &c., as a fit recruit for their ranks.

E. A. C. DOUTY, $4 00.
This lazy puppy *is* a "chip of the old block," who exemplifies the truth of the old adages "like daddy like child," and "what is bred in the bone won't come out of the flesh." He also has "eloped" to the more congenial atmosphere of Baltimore. "Good riddance to bad rubbish."

Dr. W. E. HOYT, Syracuse, N. Y., $7 50.
This impudent *quack* bled us to the above tune for advertising. He is an arrant knave, who, making his living by means of the Press, is mean enough to cheat printers. We hope, when sick, he may be quacked to death by some brother quack.

Rev. W. S. H. KEYS, Tyrone, Pa., $2 00.
This political parson who sports the "cambric" extensively, owes us the above sum for printing Notices to K. N. Councils, stating his terms for lecturing before them. We should think that his "Intense Americanism" should lead him to pay his honest debts. We hand him over to the tender mercy of his conscience—if he has any—if not, to that of his friend and prototype ——

L. PALMER & Co., Travelling Opticians, $1 50.
The above firm was composed of a couple of precious rascals, as "dutch as sour crout," who passed themselves off as opticians. Whether they were or not we don't know, but we do know, that instead of improving the sight of our "peepers," they effectually "closed them up."

CUMMINGS & Co., Travelling Ambrotypists, $1 25.
This is another pair of contemptible knaves. Their skill was strikingly exemplified in our sad experience, they having left an indelible *impression* on our memory, that we were the victims of misplaced confidence.

RICHARD WHITE, $4 00.
This falsely named *gent* has left town without settling up with us, thus leaving a *black* record against him on our books, and getting his name on our *black* list. It is not the only *black* act he has been guilty of.

A. CLARKE, $1 50.
We suppose this gent had not time to settle this small bill before leaving, as he left town about a hundred yards ahead of the constable, making 2,40 time.

G. W. TAYON, $2 50.
This gent *tried us on* to the above tune, and then put us off by abequatulating without paying.

THOS. LEE, JR., left town owing us		$2 50.
JAMES & WAGNER	do.	4 25.
DANIELS W. GARDNER,	do.	2 50.
L. HARE,	do.	3 00.
A. J. ANDERSON,	do.	1 00.

☞ The above is only the first chapter of our "Life Pictures." We have ample material for a dozen more, which will appear in due time.

The stated Councils of

the "WENTWORTH TRIBE," No. 86, I. O. R. M., are held every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. COUNCH FIRE kindled at 7½ PM 80th breath
June 25, '57-1y] A. EBERLE, *C. of R.*

Time of the Closing and

Arrival of Mails at Altoona Post Office.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	1 00 P. M.
Western " "	8 00 A.M.
Eastern Through Mail	3 00 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through Mail,	8 35 A. M.
Western Way and Hollidaysburg,	1 40 P. M.
Eastern " "	7 15 "

Hollidaysburg mails close at 1,00 P. M. and 6,40 P. M., and arrive at 1,15 P. M. and 7,30 P. M.
June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

Time of Arrival and De-

parture of trains running on the Penn'a. Railroad, at Altoona station.

Express Train East arrives	2,48 A. M.,		leaves	2,55 A. M.
" " West "	8,35 "		"	8,55 "
Fast " East "	1,36 P. M.		"	1,50 P. M.
" " West "	9,50 "		"	10,00 "

ALTOONA WAY TRAIN leaves Altoona for Philadelphia at 6,15 A. M., and returning arrives at Altoona at 7,00 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express train West, Altoona Way Train East and West and with Fast Mail Train East.

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Fast Mail Train East.
Dec. 21, '56-tf] THOS. A. SCOTT, *Sup't.*

A CARD—TO THE LADIES.

—DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FRENCH PILLS *are infallible in removing stoppages and irregularities of the menses.* These Pills are nothing new but have been used by the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public, for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities of whatever nature, as well as to prevent pregnancy to to those ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family.—Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while pregnant, as the Proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition altho' their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise these Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by G. W. KESSLER, General Agent for Altoona and vicinity. He will supply dealers at proprietor's prices, and send the Pills to ladies (*confidentially*) by return mail on receipt of $1 through the Altoona Post Office.

Each box has my signature, J. DUPONCO, New York.
Samuel Breslin, general agent for Tyrone City. [1y-27

ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY LOWTHER & M'DOWELL.

Flour—Superfine,	₰ bbl.	$4,25
" Extra,	₰ "	$5,50
Corn Meal,	₰ cwt.	2,00
Buckwheat	₰ "	2,40
Potatoes,	₰ bush.	75
Apples,	₰ "	87
Butter,	₰ lb	22
Lard,	₰ "	14
Pork,	₰ "	06
Side,	₰ "	05
Eggs,	₰ doz.	10

M'LAIN & LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

M'Lain & Lehr sell their Flour at the following rates:—

White Wheat Flour, Extra Family,	₰ bbl.	$5,25
" " Superfine,	"	5,00
" " Superfine,	"	4,75

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

Extra Family Flour,	₰ bbl.	$
Superfine Extra, best quality,	"	5 25
" " Brush Creek,	"	5 00
Superfine,	"	4 75

DIED.

On the 16th inst., in the 74th year of his age, Mr. JAMES PARKE, a native of Scotland. Mr. P. reached a good old age, and was, as we firmly believe, ripe for heaven.—(COM.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading as the firm of Lowther & McDowell, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Settlement of accounts may be made with either of the firm. JAMES LOWTHER,
Altoona, April 20, 1858-3t.] WM. McDOWELL.

NEW FIRM.—J. & J. LOWTHER

would make their bow to the citizens of Altoona, and respectfully inform them that they will be on hand in a few days, with a nice stock of new goods, which they will be pleased to exhibit to all their old friends and as many new ones as may be pleased to patronize them.

JAMES LOWTHER,
April, 22, 1858-1t] JOHN LOWTHER.

BRIGADE ORDERS, NO. 17.—The

companies composing the 4th Brigade, 10th Division, will meet in Hollidaysburg at 10 o'clock, A. M., of MONDAY the 10th day of MAY next, for Ballalion Training and Inspection. By order,

BRIG. INSP. OFFICE, } JOHN C. INNES, *Brig. Insp.*
April 19, 1858. } 4th Brig. 10th Div., P. U. M.

C. J. HIRST, M. D. D. R. GOOD, M. D.

DRS. HIRST & GOOD TENDER

their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity in the several branches of

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Country calls regularly attended to.
Office, the same as heretofore occupied by Dr. Hirst.
By consent, D. R. Good refers to
J. M. Gemmill, M. D., Alexandria, Pa.
J. R. Lindsay, M. D., Huntingdon, "
Drs. Ross, Boyer and Foy, Williamsburg, Pa.
April 22, 1858-tf.]

MAP OF BLAIR COUNTY.—THE

subscribers propose to publish a New Map of Blair County, Pennsylvania, from actual surveys, containing all Public Roads, Rail Roads, Canals, the actual localities of Villages, Post Offices, Houses of Worship, School Houses, Manufactories, Tanneries, Mills, Hotels, Stores, Farm Houses, names of Property Owners, &c.

Enlarged Plans of the Principal Villages, a Table of Distances, and a Business Directory, giving the name and business of each subscriber, will be engraved on the margin. The plotting will be to a suitable scale so as to make a large and ornamental Map, which will be colored and mounted in the best style, and delivered to subscribers at $5 per copy. SAMUEL GEIL,
April 15, 1858. ISAAC G. FREED.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

A NEW STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING

SUITABLE FOR THIS SEASON, JUST RECEIVED BY

ETTINGER & ULLMAN,

AND NOW BEING DISPOSED OF AT PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION.

MR. ULLMAN announces that he is is always on hand and will take great pleasure in waiting upon all who may favor him with a call. He feels confident that he will be able to render satisfaction both in quality and price. [April 16-3m

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL &

CARRIAGE PAINTING.—The undersigned beg leave to inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have commenced the business of

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND CARRIAGE PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER-HANGING, VARNISHING, &C., &C.,

in all their various branches, and are prepared to do all work entrusted to them with neatness and despatch.

They have on hand a large assortment of painting materials and Window Glass of all sizes, also Stained Glass and Looking-Glass Plates, which enables them to do work in an improved style and at reduced rates.

By strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

Our room is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store. KEYES & WALSH.
April 8, 1858-3m*

SHERIFFALITY.—I offer myself as

a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Blair county, at the ensuing election in October next. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability.
Feb. 4, 1858-tc] JOHN B. WARFEL.

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!—

90 Cords of good dry OAK WOOD for sale by LEWIS GWIN, 2 miles North of Altoona.
March 18, 1858-tf.

LUMBER FOR SALE.—

50,000 Shingles 50,000 Lathes,
and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL lower than the lowest, for Cash. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN

draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Apr. 8, '56.

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF

FAMILY FLOUR for sale. Wholesale and retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER.
Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

THE CRISIS HAS ARRIVED, AND

everywhere Banks, Brokers and Business men are suspending or breaking up, under the overwhelming pressure. Credit is destroyed and Confidence is paralyzed. But amid all the hubbub and confusion incident upon such a state of affairs, we beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Philadelphia with one of the largest, best selected and cheapest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Ever brought to town. Our stock consists, in part, of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Such as Silks, Shawls, Delaines, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Ribbons, &c., &c., in great variety.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirtings, Cottonades, Silk and Merino Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings, Ladies Gaiters, Slippers and Shoes; Gents Gaiters, Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Umbrellas, Tickings, and every variety of Dry Goods in common use.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have bought our assortment at such prices that we cannot be undersold by any establishment in the county.
Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE

at McCormick's Store.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, (or at least credit will not be given to any other than those who are *willing and can* give satisfactory reference and assurance of prompt monthly payment,) and desiring to make it the interest of all to patronize our store, we have made a very great reduction in the prices of all descriptions of goods, and will give our entire time and attention to keeping up an assortment to suit the wants of our customers, such as

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CEDARWARE,
STONEWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,

Gaiters, Slippers, Hats and Caps, Dried Fruit, etc., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

All articles of produce taken in exchange for goods at their highest market price.

Thankful for past favors, we hope to share the patronage of those who are in want of goods. [March 25-tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR

SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a tract of EIGHTY ACRES of land, situate in Ferguson township, Clearfield county, on the South side of the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, about five miles from Curwensville and one mile below Lumber City. The premises are conveniently situated, and among other inducements to purchasers are two extensive beds of

IRON ORE,

one of which exceeds nine feet in thickness and yields from forty-five to eighty per cent. There is also an abundance of

LIMESTONE AND STONE COAL

on the premises, making it a desirable situation to persons wishing to engage in the manufacture of Iron.

There is the best of water power on the premises, and the river is navigable with arks, boats, &c., from this point.

Persons desiring any further information will address WM. G. McCRACKEN,
March 25-3m.] New Millport, Clearfield Co., Pa.

THE SUMMER SEASON—JESSE

SMITH would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the public generally that he has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Which he purchased at low prices for cash and will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at but a small advance on the original cost. His stock comprises HATS and CAPS of every description, size and shape. All who are in want of anything in his line will do well to give him a call, as he feels confident he can suit the most fastidious, in quality and price.

He is always ready and willing to exhibit his stock *free of charge*, so that none need fear to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember that his store is on Virginia street, directly opposite the Lutheran Church. [April 8-6m.

REMOVAL!

I HAVE REMOVED MY WAREROOM to the corner of SMITHFIELD and THIRD Streets, opposite Young's Furniture Warerooom.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-3m. WM. NOBLE.

FURNISHING WAREROOM.

I HAVE OPENED A STORE FOR the sale of EVERY ARTICLE wanted in FURNISHING A DWELLING HOUSE, Mattresses, Beds, Bolsters and Pillows; Comforts, Spreads, and Quilts of every style and price. Satin, De Laine and Lace Curtains; Damask and Moreens, Brocatels and Plushes; Muslin Curtains, Figured Muslin and with Lace Edge; Tassels and Cords of every description. Gilt Cornices of every variety and style, and some splendid patterns for windows; Gimp and Brass Bands; Blinds of all kinds; Window Shades of every price and style. Also, Venetian Blinds. Friends and strangers are invited to call and see us in the new store.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-3m. WM. NOBLE.

W. CUNNINGHAM. D. CUNNINGHAM, R. CUNNINGHAM.
D. IMBRIE, G. DUNCAN.

CUNNINGHAMS & CO.,

PITTSBURGH CITY GLASS WORKS,

WAREHOUSE 109 WATER ST. AND 140 FIRST ST.,
Between Wood and Smithfield. PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pittsburgh City Window Glass,

DRUGGISTS' GLASS-WARE,

AND AMERICAN CONVEX GLASS,

For Parlor Windows, Churches and Public Buildings.
Altoona, April 1. 1858-1y.]

ENTERPRISE WORKS,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOWN & TETLEY,

Manufacturers of Rifles, Guns, Surgical and Dental Instruments, &c.

RIFLE GUNS.

We would call attention to our stock in the above line, knowing that we cannot be beat either in the quality or price. Being largely engaged in this branch of business, we defy all competion. All our rifles are warranted or no sale. Hardware, Sporting Materials, Cutlery, Pistols, Guns, Revolvers, Flasks, Belts, Powder, Shot, Balls, Caps, Fancy Hardware and Sporting Equipage, in all its variety, which we offer low for Cash.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

SAVING FUND, FIVE PER CENT

INTEREST, NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST CO., *Walnut street, S. W. Corner of Third, Philadelphia.* Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock.

Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, *Pres't.*
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, *Vice-Pres't.*
WM. J. REED, *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.

Hon. Henry L. Benner,	F. Carrol Brewster,
Edward L. Carter,	Joseph B. Barry,
Robert Selfridge,	Francis Lee,
Sam'l E. Ashton,	Joseph Yorkes,
C. Landreth Munns,	Henry Diefenderfer.

Money is received and payments made daily without notice.

The investments are made in REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such first class securities as the Charter requires [Mar2-3m.

H. FETTINGER'S

GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM.
NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA.

Where may be had all the popular Publications of the day, such as Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact everything in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, Tobacco and Segars of the best quality, &c., &c.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does positively cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it. [9-tf.

MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—Misses M.

& E. KAUFFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at their old stand opposite Sellers' Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUM

SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES, AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

$70,000 FOR $10!

The following Schemes will be drawn by S. Swan & Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for April, 1858, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, to which city they have removed their principal office.

CLASS 9.

To be drawn in the city of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, April 3, 1858.

CLASS 10.

To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, April 10, 1858.

CLASS 11.

To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, April 17, 1858.

CLASS 12.

To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, April 24, 1858.

ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS.

FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE PRIZES!

Nearly one Prize to every Nine Tickets!

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

TO BE DRAWN EACH SATURDAY IN APRIL.

1	Prize of	$10,000	4 Prize of	200
1	" "	20,000	4 " "	800
1	" "	10,000	4 " "	700
1	" "	50	4 " "	600
1	" "	4,000	80 Prize of	500
1	" "	5,000	50 " "	300
1	" "	1,500	100 " "	125
4	" "	1,000	230 " "	100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4	Prizes of $400 Approx'ting. to		$70,000 Prize are	$1,600
4	" " 200	"	30,000 " "	1,200
4	" " 200	"	10,000 " "	800
4	" " 125	"	5,000 " "	500
4	" " 100	"	4,000 " "	400
4	" " 75	"	3,000 " "	300
4	" " 50	"	1,500 " "	200
5,000	" " 20 are			100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000

Whole Tickets $10: Halves $5: Quarters $2.50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000, corresponding with those numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled in small tin tubes and placed in one Wheel.

The first 467 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the number drawn. This operation is repeated un till all the Prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two proceeding and the two succeeding numbers to those drawing the first 7 Prizes will be entitled to the 28 Approximation Prizes. For example: If Ticket No. 1,250 draws the $70,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 11,248, 11,249, 11,251, 11252, will each be entitled to $400. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $30,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $200, and so on according to the above scheme.

The 5,000 Prizes of $20 will be determined by the last figure of the number that draws the $70,000 Prize. For example: if the number drawing the $70,000 Prize ends with No. 1, then all the tickets, where the number ends in 1, will be entitled to $20. If the number ends with No. 2, then all the tickets where the number ends in 2 will be entitled to $20; and so on to 0.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Certificate of package of	10 Whole Tickets,	$50
" "	10 Half "	40
" "	10 Quarter "	20
" "	10 Eight "	10

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, or receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.—Purchasers can have tickets ending in any number they may designate.

The list of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full without deduction.

All prizes of $1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for tickets or certificates to

S. SWAN & CO., *Augusta, Ga.*

Persons residing near Montgomery, Ala., or Atalanta, Ga. can have their orders filled, and save time, by addressing S. Swan & Co., at either of those cities.

A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the following papers:—*New Orleans Delta. Mobile Register, Charleston Standard, Nashville Gazette, Atlanta Intelligencer, New York Weekly Day Book, Savannah Morning News, Richmond Dispatch, New York Dispatch, and Paulding (Miss.) Clarion Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.* [Jan.7-1y.

THE CRISIS HAS ARRIVED, AND everywhere Banks, Brokers and Business men are suspending or breaking up, under the overwhelming pressure. Credit is destroyed and Enterprise is palsyzed. But amid all the hubbub and confusion incident upon such a state of affairs, we beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Philadelphia with one of the largest best selected and cheapest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Ever brought to town. Our stock consists, in part, of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Such as Silks, Shawls, Delaines, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Ribbons, &c., &c., in great variety.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirtings, Cottonades, Silk and Merino Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings, Ladies Gaiters, Slippers and Shoes, Gents Gaiters, Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Umbrellas, Tickings, and every variety of Dry Goods in common use.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have bought our assortment at such prices that we *cannot* be undersold by any establishment in the county.

Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

SAVING FUND, FIVE PER CENT INTEREST, NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST CO., *Walnut street, S. W. Corner of Third. Philadelphia.* Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

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MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—Misses M. & E. KAUFFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at their old stand opposite Sellers' Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the place. Dresses and all articles of ladies wear made to order on short notice and reasonable terms. [April 23, '57-1y.

RAISINS.—1,000 BOXES BUNCH and Layer Raisins in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

FIGS, DATES, PRUNES, CITRONS and Currants in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58 1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONARY.—PLAIN AND fine Confectionary manufactured and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at

Jan. 3, '58-tf] KESSLER'S.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by

J.-tf] O. W. KESSLER.

HENRY LEHR'S STORE IS IN John Lehr's old stand, nearly opposite McCorkle's store, in North Ward. [June 18, '57-1y.

NONE BUT THE BEST CONFECtionaries, Nuts and Fruits kept at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBTAIN ALL kinds of Flour and Feed by calling at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO call and test the merits of the articles kept by

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR.

LOTS FOR SALE.—12 BUILDING Lots, situate in different localities, in this Borough for sale on reasonable terms, by [27-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome. Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry or ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by

J. B. HILEMAN.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES

FOR MARCH, 1858.

R. FRANCE & Co., *Managers.*

Purchasers of Tickets will bear in mind that the Maryland Lotteries are drawn by State authority and by a State officer, and all schemes are examined and approved by him.

☞ Beware of all Lotteries with extraordinary large Prizes for a small cost of Tickets—all such are swindles.—The Managers of the Maryland Lotteries present as large and fair schemes as can be made for the price of Tickets; and persons purchasing in them, if they draw a Prize will certainly be paid. In the other, every dollar invested is so much thrown away.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME FOR 17TH APRIL.

62,518 CAPITAL PRIZE.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS F,

To be drawn in Baltimore City, March 13, 1858.

☞ 14 Drawn Ballots in each Package of 26 Tickets, ☜

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

1 Grand Prize of	$62,518	10 Prize of	$1,800
1 Prize of	12,500	10 Prize of	1,600
1 Prize of	12,500	10 Prize of	1,250
1 Prize of	8,500	10 Prize of	1,000
1 Prize of	8,500	100 Prize of	600
1 Prize of	6,000	200 Prize of	400
1 Prize of	6,000	64 Prize of	150
1 Prize of	5,000	64 Prize of	100
1 Prize of	5,000	64 Prizes of	80
5 Prizes of	4,000	64 Prizes of	60
5 Prizes of	3,000	5,568 Prizes of	40
5 Prizes of	2,000	28,224 Prizes of	20

34,412 Prizes, amounting to $1,170,178.

Tickets $20—Halves $10—Quarters $5—Eighths $2.50.

A Package of 26 Whole Tickets, costs	$520
Must draw	285
Risk,	$232

Persons desirous of paying the risk only, can do so and get a Managers' Certificate of Package of 26 Wholes for $280

Do.	do.	26 Halves,	140
Do.	do.	26 Quarters,	70
Do.	do.	26 Eighths,	35

HAVANA PLAN.

ALL THE NUMBERS PUT IN ONE WHEEL, AND EVERY PRIZES PUT IN ANOTHER.

In this plan, which is the old-fashioned mode a drawing, every Prize is drawn out.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED EXTRA CLASS 4.

To be drawn in Baltimore, Md., Saturday, April 27th, 1858.

20,660 Prizes! 40,000 Tickets!!

MORE PRIZES THAN BLANKS.

Every Prize paid in full without deduction!

1 Prize of	$35,000	4	Appr'x to	$300
1 Prize of	12,000	4	"	250
1 Prize of	4,000	8	"	200
1 Prize of	4,000			
1 Prize of	2,000	8	"	150
1 Prize of	2,000			
1 Prize of	1,500	8	"	100
1 Prize of	1,500			
1 Prize of	1,250	8	"	80
1 Prize of	1,250			
1 Prize of	1 000	8	"	60
1 Prize of	1,000			
10 Prizes of	400	40	"	50
10 Prizes of	300	40	"	40
100 Prizes of	200	400	"	30

20,000 Prizes of $8, determined by the Capital Prize, being odd or even.

Whole Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.	
A Package of 16 Whole Tickets, costs	$160
Must draw	64
Risk,	$96

A Managers' Certificate of 16 Wholes—where persons wish to pay the risk only, will be sent for $96

Do.	do.	16 Halves,	48
Do.	do.	16 Quarters,	24
Do.	do.	16 Eighths,	12

All orders for Tickets in the above splendid Schemes will be faithfully and promptly filled. Address,

T. H. HUBBARD & Co.,
Box 40, Baltimore, Md.

☞ Persons in the West or South can have their orders filled in the Shelby College Lottery, Kentucky, Schemes exactly the same as the above—and also drawn under the management of R. France & Co. Address

T. H. HUBBARD & CO.,
Louisville, Ky.

March 4-1y]

E. P. MIDDLETON & BROTHER, *Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors,* return their thanks to their friends for the liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, at the OLD ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 5 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, where they have a large assortment of WINES and LIQUORS, of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers upon the most reasonable terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle Brandies:

BRANDIES.

Otard, Hennessy, Marett,	*Pinnett, Castillion, Martell,*
T Hines. Pellevorsin,	*J. J. Depuy & Co.*
A. Seignette, &c., &c.	

WINES.

Champagne, Old Oporto,	*Burgundy. Madeira. Teneriffe.*
Claret. Sherry, Lisbon.	*Hock. Muscat & Malaga Wines of various brands and qualities.*

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskeys, Peach, Apple, Lavender, Blackberry, Raspberry, Cherry and Ginger Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, an extensive stock of *OLD WHEAT, MONONGAHELA and BOURBON WHISKEYS,* of various grades, some of which we guarantee to be superior to any in the country.

☞ From our long experience in the business, and thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us. Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.

Feb. 25-1y] E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Altoona and its vicinity, that he has opened a STORE in the ROOM formerly occupied by G. W. Patton, on Virginia street, where he will be happy to exhibit to them his splendid stock of

FASHIONABLE FALL GOODS,

which will be found entirely new and fresh. His stock is carefully selected and was purchased strictly for CASH, which just at this important time has enabled him to buy exceedingly low, and hearing adopted the

READY-PAY SYSTEM,

is determined to ask but "Small Profits and Quick Sales." Among his stock will be found everything appertaining to Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, as well as all articles of

Groceries,

Queensware,

Hardware. &c., &c.,

usually kept in a town or country store. He respectfully invites a careful inspection of his stock.

Altoona, Oct. 1, 1857-tf. CHARLES J. MANN.

H. FETTINGER'S GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM, NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA., Where may be had all the popular Publications of the day, such as Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact everything in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, Tobacco and Segars of the best quality, &c., &c.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does *positively* cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it. 17-tf.

TIPTON STEAM SASH, FRAME, DOOR, SHUTTER & FLOORING MANUFACTORY, *Tiptom, Blair Co., Pa., 10 miles East of Altoona.*

The undersigned having provided a complete set of Machinery for the business, and being practical House Carpenters and Builders, are extensively engaged in Manufacturing by steam, any description of Carpenter Work, which we will furnish at low rates, and ship to any point on the Pa. Railroad. Plans of every description for buildings with specifications and bill of timber prepared. Orders from a istance respectfully solicited.

June 4, '57-1y] McCAULEY & CO.

Pennsylvania House,

Patterson, Juniata County, Pa.,

REYNOLDS & CODER, *Proprietors.*

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS and the travelling public generally, that they have taken the above well-known house, where they will be happy to wait upon all who may favor them with a call. Its convenience to the depot renders it a desirable stopping place for those who wish to get on or off the cars, also for travelers wishing to get meals at *moderate charges*—25 cents.

may27-tf.]

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO. —The undersigned, Agent for Blair county, will take short and long risks on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Risks also taken on the lives of horses. Office in Masonic Temple.

March 18, 1858-1y. JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

LIQUORS.—A LARGE AMOUNT of well selected LIQUORS has been received at the "LOGAN HOUSE," Hollidaysburg, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail. The man who wants has only to call. [Dec.17. tf.

CAST IRON RAILING AND ALL kinds of Castings executed to order, also Tin Spouting put up to order, at shortest notice, apply to

J. SHOEMAKER, *Agent for*
Jan. 3, 1858-tf. McLANAHAN, WATSON & Co.

RICH TOBACCO AND HIGHLY flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

TO THE PUBLIC.—13,787 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE. EL DORADO GIFT ASSOCIATION for the sale of $13,787 worth of Sewing Silk. Each purchaser of one dollar's worth of Sewing Silk will receive a numbered check, which will entitle the holder to one share and a voice in the distribution of the following list of Valuable Property, to be distributed by a Committee, chosen by the shareholders, in such a manner as they may deem advisable and agree upon among themselves.

LIST OF PROPERTY.

7 corner Lots on Washington street Altoona, 50 by 120 feet, valued at $184 each,		$1,288
17 lots on Washington st., 50x120 ft.,	$166 each,	2,622
8 cor. lots on Mulberry st.,	" " 156 "	1,248
19 lots on Mulberry st.,	" " 132 "	3,508
2 lots on High street,	" " 63 "	126
1 cor. lot on German street, 50x176 ft., valued at		63
3 lots on German street,	" $42 each	126
1 lot on Howard street, 50x133 feet, valued at		122
1 cor. lot on Lexington st.,	" " "	150
2 lots on Chestnut street,	" " $133 each,	262
1 Gold Lever Watch, valued at		100
1 Horse,	" "	157
1 Two-Horse Wagon,	" "	42
1 Silver Lepine Watch	" "	16
12 Coat Patterns and Trimmings, $10 each,		120
50 Pants and Vest patterns, at $4.40 each,		220
75 Articles or Parcels of Merchandise, $3.00 each,		225
100 " " "	2.00 "	200
100 " " "	1.00 "	100
500 " " "	75 "	375
2,000 " " "	50 "	1,000
3,000 " " "	30 "	900
4,000 " " "	25 "	1,000
3,885 " " "	20 "	777
13,787 Gifts, valued at		$13,787

The Real Estate in this Enterprise is handsomely situated in the flourishing town of Altoona. (Head-quarters of the Pa. Central R. R. Co.) which in a few years has grown as if by magic, its present population being over 3,000.

The above property will be delivered to the persons entitled to receive it, immediately after the distribution.

An indisputable title to all the lots in the above bill will be given by R. H. McCORMICK.

The articles or parcels per bill, will consist of cloths, cassimeres, de laines, &c., &c.

My object is to dispose of the silk in the shortest possible time, and I desire everybody to purchase soon and become members of this *Magnificent Association.*

The silk will be sent to any part of the United States, with Certificate of Membership, (for each dollar's worth purchased,) on receipt of the cash.

Agents or clubs remitting $10 at one time will receive in return $11 worth of silk and 11 certificates.

All orders must be addressed to JOSEPH MOIST.

June 10, 1856-tf.] *Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.*

All orders by mail, with postage stamps enclosed, promptly attended to.

GREAT DISCOVERY OF THE AGE IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO CHEWERS.

DR. GUSTAV LINNARD'S TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES, *the great Substitute for Tobacco.*

It is a well known and incontrovertable fact that the use of Tobacco is the promoting cause of many of the most severe.

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISORDERS

to which the race of man is subject, as careful analysis and long and painful experience have clearly proven that it contains certain narcotic and poisonous properties most dangerous in their effects when entering into the blood derange the functions and operations of the Heart, causing many to suppose that organ to be seriously diseased.

TOBACCO affects also the entire nervous system, manifesting itself—as all who have ever used the noxious weed will bear testimony—in Lassitude, Nervous Irritability, Water Brash, Dyspepsia, and many other disorders of a similar character.

THE TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES

Are designed to counteract those baneful influences, and have proved completely successful in a multitude of cases, and wherever used. Being harmless in themselves they exert a beneficial effect upon the entire system, restoring the Taste which has become vitiated or destroyed by great indulgence, completely removing the irritation and accompanying tickling sensation of the Throat—which are always consequent upon abstaining from the use of Tobacco, and by giving a healthy tone to the Stomach, invigorate the whole system.

Persons who are irretrievably undermining their constitutions and shortening their lives, should use these Troches immediately and throw off the injurious and unpleasant habit of Tobacco Chewing.

These Troches are respectfully solicited as a liberal patronage from the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he intends to make this his permanent station. Come one, come all, and "Secure the shadow ere the substance fades." Don't forget the room is in Patton's Building, fourth story. The first story is occupied by Mr. Mann's store.

Feb. 18-3t] J. W. CLABAUGH.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Rose, at the east end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.—Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance.

Dec. 17, 1857,—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS! In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the lowest possible standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, in every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.

JOHN KEIFFER,
Dec. 17. tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Stash and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

HAMS, SIDE, SHOULDER, DRIED Beef, &c., always on hand at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EGGS, BUTTER AND ALL KINDS of country produce can be had at

June 18, '57-1y HENRY LEHR'S.

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by

G. W. KESSLER.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA & vicinity, that he has now on hand a beautiful assortment of the above articles, which he is prepared to furnish on the most reasonable terms. Also, Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, &c., of the best Italian and White Rutland Marble, which he will work in the most workmanlike manner, and warrant to give general satisfaction.

Monuments, Enclosures, & Head and Foot Stones.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.

Italian & White Rutland Marble.

Tombs,

Shop on Montgomery street, near the Diamond, Hollidaysburg. Note.—All the best workmen employed, and all work warranted to give general satisfaction. [August 6, 1857.]

A. W. KENNEY.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

PITTSBURGH, PENNA. *Chartered* 1855.

Board of 12 Trustees.—Faculty of 14 Teachers.

EMPHATICALLY THE BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE.

Largest and most complete Commercial College in the United States.

In daily attendance upwards of 200 Students,

FACULTY.

F. W. JENKINS, PRINCIPAL.

J. C. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Accounts & Book-keeping.

I. I. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculations.

JOHN FLEMING, Author of the "National System of Book-keeping," Lecturer on Business, its Customs and Usages.

J. W. BENTLINGER, Professor of Arithmetic, Book-keeping and Mercantile Phonography.

A. COWLEY and A. T. DOUTHETT, Professors of Pla and Ornamental Penmanship.

D. BACON, Lecturer on Political Economy.

JAMES H. HOPKINS, Esq., of the Pittsburgh Bar, Lecturer on Commercial Law.

JAMES W. KENNEDY, of "Kennedy's Bank Note Review," Lecturer on Counterfeit Altered and Spurious Bank Notes.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION

To furnish the best means for acquiring a THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION, in the shortest time and at the least expense, comprising instruction in

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

as applied to Merchandising, Banking, Railroading, &c.

STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING,

With all the recent improvements, taught without extra charge.

PENMANSHIP.

Rapid Writing, with every variety and style of Business and Ornamental Penmanship.

ARITHMETIC.

And a thorough course of Counting House Calculations.

COUNTERFEIT AND ALTERED NOTES.

Full instructions given in this important branch of business education.

LECTURES DAILY, ON BOOK-KEEPING.

Usages, Laws and Customs of Commerce, Finance and Banking, Political Economy, Counterfeit Notes, and other subjects having practical relation to active business.

TERMS &c.

Book-keeping, Full Commercial Course, $60.00

Stationary, about 5.00

Board per week, can be obtained for 2.50

☞ Students are not charged extra for Steamboat Book-keeping, Arithmetic or Penmanship.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time—two vacations each year of pleasure—time unlimited—usual length of course from eight to twelve weeks.

REFERENCE.

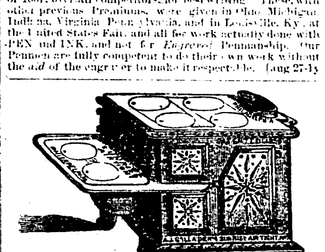
Four hundred and eighty-seven students entering from the City alone within one year besides the many from the country.

DIRECTIONS.

Specimens of Writing and Circulars, containing full information, sent by mail free of charge.

Address F. W. JENKINS,
Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—No less than EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS were awarded this College in the fall of 1857, over all competitors, for best writing. These, with other premiums, were given in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Virginia, Penn'sylvania and in Pittsburgh, BY all the United States Fairs, and all for work actually done with PEN and INK, and not for *Engraved* Penmanship. Our Penmen are fully competent to do their own work without the *aid* of the engraver to make it respectable. [aug 27-1y



STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!—The undersigned has for sale, at his Store in Masonic Temple, a large assortment of

GALLAHER'S SUNRISE AIRTIGHT

Cooking Stove, a new and splendid Large Oven, Flat Top Stove, for Coal or Wood patented 1856.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agt.*

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Sept. 11, '56-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to B. Kerr's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.

September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the consumers of COAL and WOOD in Altoona, that he is constantly receiving and will deliver at this time, Anthracite Coal at $5.00 per ton,

Irvin's	"	3.12½ "
Bituminous	"	8 per bushel,
Dry Hickory Wood,	3.50	" cord,
Oak	"	2.50 "

All orders left at J. L. Ickes' store, or at Esquire Douty's Justice Office will be promptly filled.

Office at residence in Buttonburg's building, opposite Robert Green's, where all orders will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 14, '56-tf] JOHN ALLISON.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—THE UNdersigned has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

Jan. 2, '56-tf] J. SHOEMAKER.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

CONVEYANCING.—ALL KINDS of writing done at the shortest notice.—Deeds, Mortgages, &c., executed in the neatest manner by

JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Jan. 3, 1857-tf.] Masonic Temple, Altoona.

QUEENSWARE, JUST RECEIVED. A large and fashionable assortment at the store of

J. B HILEMAN.

RIO COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA AND all kind of Groceries for sale by

June 18, 1857-1y] HENRY LEHR.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY. CONSUMPTION AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT ARE POSITIVELY

Curable by Inhalation,

which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain: inheling the ordinary burning gass will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead. The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the effect that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enable me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with more accurate certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

C. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert Street, (old No. 109,) below Twelfth, Philadelphia. [July 23, '57-1y.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—A NEW FIRM BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

MLAIN & LEHR

Beg leave to inform their friends and the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have opened a

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

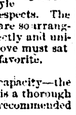
in the room formerly occupied by John Lehr, on Virginia street, next door to Patton's Hall, where they will be happy to serve all who may favor them with a call. Their stock is a large and select one, consisting of

Flour,	Feed,	Bacon,
Pork,	Sugar,	Coffee,
Tea,	Molasses,	Fish,
Salt,	Potatoes,	Fish Oil,
Fluid,	Camphene,	Alcohol,

Cigars and Tobacco.

As they purchase all their goods for the READY CASH, and sell for the same, persons dealing or purchasing anything in their line, will do well to favor them a call, as they will sell at but a trifling advance on first cost. We ask no man to pay for anything but what he buys. Give us a trial and see if we won't make our words good. [Jan 7-tf

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES.—The undersigned has just received from Philadelphia, North, Chase & North's celebrated Cooking Stoves for Wood or Coal.



THE ROYAL COOK

This beautiful Cooking Stove challenges all competition for the exquisite style of ornament and perfect operation in all respects. The oven extends under the hearth and the flues are so arranged that the whole oven surface will bake perfectly and uniformly. The slightest examination of this Stove must satisfy every one that it will become a universal fav